The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1868. NO. 266

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

THE ABOMINATION.

The Richmond *Examiner* and *Enquirer*, commenting upon the passage of the Omnibus abomination, the probable speedy admission of all the Southern States, except Mississippi, Virginia and Texas, in representation, and the inauguration of the bogus State governments, says:

"These persons will go into Congress as the "representatives" of the South, but they will go against the most earnest and emphatic protests of the Southern people.—We of the South deny that they are in any sense exponents of our section or of our people. They have acquired office by skillful manipulation of secret negro leagues.—They are the representatives only of ignorant and stupid negroes, and they are hardly true representatives even of such. They owe their positions to skilful manœuvering in midnight meetings among the negroes, by which they bewitched the credulous creatures into voting for them at the polls.—They have sprung into life from the rottenness of the times, and have fattened upon the gangrene of the body politic. But, like their fellow creatures, the maggots, they will have but a brief existence in the sunlight of returning day. Their official life will soon be terminated when the people of the South once more are permitted to elect their true representatives.

This action of Congress has put a new phase upon the political condition of the States included in the bill referred to. We cannot deny this change if we would, and it would be folly to deny it if we could. The whole scheme of "Congressional Reconstruction" is beyond question an outrage and an iniquity, but *it has been perpetrated*. As wise men, it becomes our fellow-citizens of those States to grapple the existing facts as they come to their hands. They should grapple them, not in the sickly sense of "accepting the situation," but with the determination yet to defeat the schemes of our adversaries. When we remember the present omnipotence of the Congressional oligarchy and the implacableness by which it is characterized, it is impossible to hope for any relief from their relenting. Looking to the future, we are bound to admit that it is not possible to change the complexion of the Federal authorities so as to secure the repeal of these atrocious measures. We may elect a Democratic President, as no doubt we will; and a large majority of the House of Representatives from the North will doubtless also be Democratic, but we cannot change the Senate in time to do any good. So we should be stupid to say that relief may reach us through the repeal of these measures. It is very unpleasant to admit it, but it is folly to deny it.—In the six States included in the bill "Congressional Reconstruction" is *un fait accompli*, and negro suffrage is established by law! The only chance of escape still left may yet be tried, it is true, but is it likely that this means will avail? The action of the Supreme Court, the means to which we refer, has been anything else than encouraging, so far, and we fear that no relief may confidently be expected from that quarter. We certainly urge our fellow-citizens of the farther South to use every means to obtain a decision of the Supreme Court setting these measures aside. But let them not fold their arms and lie supinely upon their backs while waiting. Let them go to work at once to checkmate the atrocious schemes by which they are beset.

In the first place, every exertion should be made to break up the nefarious secret leagues which Yankee emissaries have organized. There are several ways to do this, but the most direct and effective is to refuse employment to any negro who belongs to the league. When the terror of the league has been removed from the minds of the negroes they can be made to vote as their employers direct, and *every employer should see to it that his employes vote right*. Once "in the Union," as these States will now be declared to be, it is admitted by the vilest Radical they will have the same right to alter or amend their "constitutions" that New York or Ohio have, the "conditions" imposed by the act of admission notwithstanding. If the people of these six States are wise and vigilant, and brave, they will have new constitutions for themselves in less than two years. Nearly forty years ago John Randolph declared, in a Convention of the noblest intellects Virginia has ever produced: "Sir, no constitution which you can make will last half of a century; no, sir, not the half of that time!" His prediction was literally fulfilled. Is it likely that such a monstrosity as these miserable creatures have made can last the tenth of the time that the handiwork of Randolph and his compeers lasted?"

For the Sentinel.

FARMERS' MEETING IN CASWELL, N. C.

Pursuant to notice previously given, a meeting of the farmers of Caswell county was held in the Court House, at Yanceyville, on the 1st. day of June, 1868, and organized by the appointment of Philip Hodnett, Esq., as Chairman, and W. B. Bowe and L. L. M. Totten, as Secretaries. The object of the meeting having been briefly explained, the following declarations and resolutions were unanimously adopted, as expressive of the sense of the meeting, to wit:

At a meeting of the farmers and landholders of the county of Caswell, held in the Court House, in this place, on the 1st. day of June, 1868, for the purpose of promoting the Agricultural interests of this section, and inviting emigrants from the Northern and other portions of the United States, to settle in our midst, and aid in the promotion of the objects contemplated, the following declarations and resolutions were unanimously adopted as the sense of this meeting:

WHEREAS, We regard this portion of North Carolina as one of the most desirable sections of the State for profitable investments in Agricultural pursuits, on account of the variety of the productions of the soil, and healthfulness of the climate—especially would we call attention to the fact that the finest Tobacco grown in the United States is produced in this county, and, before the late war, was a source of immense profit. And, whereas, there is not now more than one fourth of the lands of this county annually cultivated; it is, therefore, desirable that this surplus should be brought under cultivation by men of energy and capital, as speedily as practicable. Therefore,

Resolved, That we most cordially invite capitalists and farmers from other section to visit this portion of the State and examine for themselves, and cast in their lots with us, pledging ourselves to supply them with lands at reasonable prices and promising them a cordial reception and a hearty co-operation in the advancement of our mutual interest.

Resolved, That a copy of the proceedings of this meeting be forwarded to the Rev. Albert Nevin, D. D., of Pennsylvania, who lately visited this place with the view of selecting a desirable location as a permanent settlement, and that he be requested to give them publicity in his State and elsewhere, as he may have opportunity of so doing.

Resolved, That, as a most important means of developing the resources and of promoting the agricultural interest of this county, that our best energies and united efforts should be exerted to construct, as speedily as practicable, a Railroad from this place to some point on the Richmond and Danville Railroad, a charter for which has already been obtained.

Resolved, That the Milton *Chronicle*, Raleigh *Sentinel*, Danville (Va.) papers, Richmond *Whig*, Baltimore *Sun*, and Columbia (Pa.) *Spy*, be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting, and that all other papers, North and South, friendly to such Southern enterprises, will oblige by copying.

It was ascertained, among the farmers present, that there are between twelve and fifteen thousand acres of land for sale, at prices ranging from $5 to $15 per acre, according to quality, improvements, &c.

On motion, Dr. N. M. Roan, Col. George Williamson and W. B. Bowe, were appointed a Committee of Correspondence.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

PHILIP HODNETT, *Ch'n.*
WM. B. BOWE, } *Secretaries.*
L. L. M. TOTTEN, }

MISCELLANEOUS.

Candles, Candles.

FORTY BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES. For sale by
May 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

WILLIAM W. JONES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HENDERSON, N. C.

WILL PRACTICE in the Counties of Granville, Franklin and Warren, and in the Federal Courts at Raleigh, N. C. Special attention given to matters in Bankruptcy.
Prompt personal attention given to collecting and securing claims in all parts of the State.
March 31—3m.

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

144 Pocket Knives of various kinds, sizes and prices
24 Setts of Knives and Forks—Steel and warranted to cut.
may 13-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

Hay! Hay! Hay!

100 BALES PRIME HAY.
April 6-tf For sale by UPCHURCH & DODD.

Mason's Shoe Blacking.

TEN GROSS SHOE BLACKING.
For sale by
May 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Snuff, Snuff.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL of EGERTON'S CELEbrated Scotch Snuff, in Bladders and Bales Wholesale and Retail, at
may 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S

IRON! IRON! IRON!

Genuine SWEEDS IRON, for Farming purposes at
may 16-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Feathers, Feathers.

50 LBS. NICE NEW FEATHERS.
For sale by
May 11-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

Hocs, Hocs.

100 EWELL'S BEST.
may 21-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

Grain Cradles and Grass Scythes.

JUST RECEIVED, another supply of Sinclair's Scantlers, Iron-braced Grain Cradles and Grass Scythes, warranted the best in use.
June 3-2w JAS. M. TOWLES.

COFFEE MILLS, CURRY COMBS, MEAL Selves, Counter Scales, Pad Locks, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Trace Chains. A fine assortment of the above named articles just received at
may 8-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

25 FACTORY CHEESE.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

Flour, Flour.

ON HAND AND CHEAP.
may 21-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

ALE. A FRESH SUPPLY IN 1 and 2 Cases.
June 2-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Hams, Hams.

THREE HUNDRED LBS. Just received.
June 2-tf G. T. & W C. STRONACH.

N. C. CUT HERRINGS, for sale, at $10 per barrel. Apply to
GRIFFIN & LAWRENCE,
June 2-6t* Franklin Depot, Va.

Just Received.

27 BALES HAY AND FODDER.
W. H. JONES & CO.
June 2-tf Commission Merchants.

Sugar, Sugar, Sugar.

A GOOD COMMON SUGAR, very cheap.
For sale by
June 6-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn, Corn.

3.000 BUSHELS PRIME WHITE Corn, just arrived at
June 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Lard and Bacon.

A FINE LOT OF N. C. BACON, and Choice Family Lard, in Tubs
June 2-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

TOBACCO AGENCY.

We have received Agencies for the sale of MANUFACTURED and SMOKING TOBACCO, of all brands.
Orders for any quantity will be promptly filled.
Parties having any for sale would do well to ship us, as ready sales can be made.
COWARD & HARRISS,
April 21-3m* Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.

Buggies and Rockaways at Reduced Prices!

WE HAVE NOW ON HAND a very large and complete stock of
BUGGIES, ROCKAWAYS AND HARNESS,
Which we offer at greatly reduced prices.
A. A. McKETHAN & SONS.
Fayetteville, N. C., May 29-3tawtw

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO.
MANUFACTURERS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,
Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,
BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment.
They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.
Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th. door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Feb 7-154-tf

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,
DEALER IN
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS
ALSO
Agents for the sale of
Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,
Bolting Cloth,
India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.
☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*
April 30-tf

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE
OFFICIAL HISTORY
OF THE WAR,
ITS CAUSES, CHARACTER, CONDUCT AND RESULTS.
By HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.
A BOOK FOR ALL SECTIONS AND ALL PARTIES.

THIS GREAT WORK PRESENTS THE ONLY complete and impartial analysis of the causes of the War yet published, and gives those interior lights and shadows of the great conflict only known to those high officers who watched the flood-tide of revolution from its fountain springs, and which were so accessible to Mr. Stephens, from his position as second officer of the Confederacy.
To a public that has been surfeited with APPARENTLY SIMILAR PRODUCTIONS, we promise a change of fare both agreeable and salutary, and an intellectual treat of the highest order. The Great American War has AT LAST found a historian worthy of its importance, and at whose hands it will receive that moderate, candid and impartial treatment which truth and justice so urgently demand.
The intense desire everywhere manifested to obtain this work, its official character and ready sale, combined with an increased commission, make it the best subscription book ever published.
One Agent in Easton, Pa., reports 72 subscribers in three days.
One in Boston, Mass., 103 subscribers in four days.
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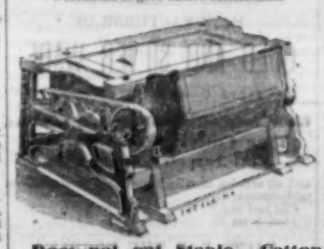
Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work, with Press notices of advance sheets &c. Address
NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.
26 South Seventh St., Philadelphia, Pa.
April 29-tf

GULLET COTTON GIN!

Warranted to give entire satisfaction.



Does not cut Staple. Cotton brings from one to one-and-a-half cents more in the pound than that ginned by other gins.
Call and see it at
Apr. 16—tf G T & W C STRONACH'S.

OILS, LEAD, &c., &c.

NOW IN STORE A FINE STOCK OF LINseed, Cotton-Seed, Kerosene, Lubricating and Train Oils, of the best quality.
ALSO WHITE LEAD,
Colors of all kinds and Varnishes.
A general assortment of HARDWARE.
THOMAS H. BRIGGS.
Jan 22-102-tf

BACON! BACON!
A large stock, and selling low
may 13-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

OLIVE OIL AND FRENCH MUSTARD.
For sale at
may 16-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

Teas, Teas,

GREEN AND BLACK TEA.
At
may 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS!

GUANO!!

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO!

$92.50 PER TON OF TWO THOUSAND pounds. Five cts. per pound by the bag. For sale by
May 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PRIME MESS PORK.

JUST RECEIVE ON CONSIGNMENT NINE bbls. prime Mess Pork, and offered low
JAS. M. TOWLES,
may 25-3w Commission Merchant

GARDEN HOES, RAKES, SPADES AND Shovels, at
may 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

10 CASES ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER in 4 bottles.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

1.000 BUSHELS OF CORN
Just received.
W. ROB'T ANDREWS.
April 30-tf Fayetteville St.

Hollow Ware.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF HOLLOW WARE, At
may 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 2 lb., Cans (qts.) $4.00 per doz.
15 " 6 lb., " (3pts.) $6.00 " "
ALL WARRANTED FRESH.
The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again.
Apply to
Feb 19-104-tf E. H. FOGUE, Hillsboro, N. C.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

3.000 LBS. RIB SIDES,
April 21-tf At DOUGLAS BELL'S.

PICKLES, CANNED PEACHES, CANNED Strawberries, Canned Corn, Dried Figs, Currants, Raisins, Almonds, Cocoanuts, Oranges, a fresh supply at
April 23-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

5.000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON, Hams and Shoulders, low.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

25 BOXES FRESH CANDIES—Assorted.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

Flour, Flour, Flour.

10 BBLS. PATAPSCO FLOUR.
10 bbls. North Carolina do.
50 sacks do do
For sale by
April 24-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

WHITE PEPPER.
At TONNOFF'SKI'S.

20 BBLS. No 1 FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades, arriving
At
Feb 3-159-tf TONNOFF'SKI'S.

Bacon! Bacon!

10,000 LBS. COUNTRY (hog round) Bacon. For sale by
April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

FINE WINES, ALES LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
At TONNOFF'SKI'S.
March 2-tf

RECEIVED THIS DAY
Just the Family Lard in Kegs.
TONNOFF'SKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
Mar 3-tf At ANDREWS'.

50 DOZ. CANS FRESH PEACHES.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

25 BBLS. PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,
Grocer & Commission Merchant,
No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,
(NEAR TUCKER HALL.)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice
Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commissions light.
Jan 29-148-tf

P. F. PESCUD,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Howe, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding $3,500,000.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
P. F. PESCUD,
Dec. 14—110-tf Ins. Agent.

44 Fayetteville Street.

"WESTERN EMPIRE" COOK STOVES complete.
ALSO
ARCTIC ICE CREAM FREEZERS, of various sizes.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, may 16—tf With Hart & Lewis.

SOUTHAMPTON BACONS.

500 pounds Hog Round Bacon, on consignment, at
may 19—tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

FOR SALE.

THREE handsome residences, and well improved lots, in the city.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Apr. 15-98. Auction & Com. Merchants.

SOLE LEATHER,

TRUNKS, VALISES,
LEATHER AND MOROCCO TRAVELING BAGS,
For Ladies and Gentlemen, at
April 23-tf R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.
At TONNOFF'SKI'S.

CHURNS! CHURNS!

A fine lot of Churns, at
may 16-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

500 BUSHELS WHITE CORN.
For sale by
may 16-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

NEW CARDENAS MOLASSES.
For sale by
may 16-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PRUNES.
6 dozen Jars, very superior
Mar 28—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Vinegar, Vinegar!

PURE CIDER VINEGAR.
For sale by
may 25-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

CORN! CORN!

2,500 Bushels Corn at
Apr 30-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

200 Sacks Salt at
Apr 30-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

44 Fayetteville Street.

BLACKSMITH'S BELLOWS, ANVILS AND Vises, Grain and Grass Scythes, Window Glass and Putty
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, May 6-tf With Hart & Lewis.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Arlington Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.
Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.
It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

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LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't.
Jan 28-146-tf LEXINGTON, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.
DR. LAWRENCE'S
CELEBRATED
ROSADALIS,
FOR THE CURE OF
SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,
SUCH AS
CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELL ING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,
AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED
By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy*.

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
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E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING M. D.
S. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.
T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humour and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.
☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.
☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY
J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,
BALTIMORE, MD.,
(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)
PRICE, $1.50 PER BOTTLE.
☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.
All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered
Address
DR. J. J. Lawrence,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.
Jan 21-148-1y

FOR SALE.

Thirty-two inch Smith's Bellows.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Mar 24-tf With Hart & Lewis.

FOR SALE.

Five good Mules, four Wagons and a lot of Harness. Apply to
Mar 30—tf BRIGGS, DODD & CO.

JELLIES, JELLIES.
At TONNOFF'SKI'S.

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.
At TONNOFF'SKI'S.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow-Chow and Pickles, at
Mar 19—tf TONNOFF'SKI'S.

10 CASES CANNED GOODS,
At
Mar 18—tf TONNOFF'SKI'S.

SALT! SALT!

100 Sacks Salt at
Apr 30-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

44 Fayetteville Street.

BLACKSMITH'S BELLOWS, ANVILS AND Vises, Grain and Grass Scythes, Window Glass and Putty
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, May 6-tf With Hart & Lewis.

DRY GOODS.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,
AT
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND
NEW GOODS
Just Received at LOW PRICES.
Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.
BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:
SUCH AS PRINTS AT 12½ TO 15;
And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.
A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,
At the old stand of
Nov. 27—36-tf S. H. YOUNG.

MISCELLANEOUS.

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES
Ag't N. C. Business Directory.
BRANSON & JONES,
SUCCESSORS TO
Branson, Farrar & Co.,
CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of
BOOKS AND STATIONERY,
at reduced prices.
Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.
Particular attention paid to orders.
BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29 148-tf Raleigh, N. C.

1868, 1868.
SPRING TRADE.
TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!
Material good and workmanship unsurpassed. The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is, by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.
Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.
I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass and will pay cash for same, when preferred.
Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.
I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Cooking Stoves, Base's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.
E. H. FOGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro N. C.

Sugars, Sugars.

A LOT OF REFINED SUGARS, in barrels. Just received by
April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL
Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate
of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.
We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.
For information, address
JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.
Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Oct. 31—79-y

Flour! Flour!

75 SACKS N. C. FLOUR.
50 bbls. N. C. and Patapsco Family Flour.
For sale by
April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

COLLINS & HEATH,
21 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Sporting Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety.
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable
Rams, Fountains,	Grates, &c.,
Water Wheels,	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
May 15-1y

FRESH ARRIVAL OF FANCY GOODS
At TONNOFF'SKI'S.

SPUN COTTON.

200 Bunches Cotton Yarns, just received
Mar 25—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

50 BUSHELS OF COTTON SEED—Good for cows.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS

WRAPPING PAPER.
A large supply of Wrapping Paper at
may 16-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Hudson's Universal Washer & Rinser.
FOR ONLY 3 DOLLARS.

WE CAN FURNISH ONE OF THESE Patent Machines which will save ONE HALF of the labor, at least, and will not injure the clothes, as there is no friction.
Our weak women has laid by Doty, and is delighted with this. The price makes it in reach of every family.
may 23-tf JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

A. MILLER,
No. 27 Old Street, Petersburg, Va.
THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR
Rags, Brass, Copper and Furs.
All rags can be shipped by freight, and, on receipt of the Railroad receipt, the shipper can draw on me at sight.
may 13-2w2m*

N. C. Cut Herrings.

A LOT OF N. C. CUT HERRINGS,
Just arrived at
may 25-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Cotton Gins.

GULLETT'S STEEL BRUSH GIN, on exhibition and for sale, at
June 2-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH'S.

Shoes, Shoes.

HOME WORKMANSHIP, cheap
June 2-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

NAILS! NAILS.

50 Kegs Nails, at
may 16-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA
ALL STATE
RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)
THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD. UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R.!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road, thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight
ROUTE,
Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,
is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required so to direct your Freights, or they will be taken by another Route!
To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great Inland Air Line* safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:
Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.
FROM NEW YORK:
Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, Prest. dent.
FROM PHILADELPHIA:
(Via Accomac,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.
FROM BALTIMORE:
Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf.
C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-305-tf Raleigh N. C

SUPT. OFFICE, N. C. RAILROAD CO., Company Shops, N. C., April 1, 1868.
On and after this date the following will be the Schedule for Passenger Trains over this Road:

Leave Charlotte daily	11.50 P. M.
" Salisbury	3.07 A. M.
" Greensboro'	5.05 A. M.
" Raleigh	9.41 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro'	12.25 P. M.
Leave Goldsboro'	12.30 P. M.
" Raleigh	3.30 P. M.
" Greensboro'	7.37 P. M.
" Salisbury	9.36 P. M.
Arrive at Charlotte	11.35 P. M.

Through passengers by this line have choice of routes via Greensboro' and Danville to Richmond, or via Raleigh and Weldon to Richmond or Portsmouth, arriving at all points North of Richmond at the same time by either route.
Connection is made at Goldsboro' with Passenger trains on W. & W. Road to and from Wilmington, and to Weldon by freight trains. Also to Newbern on A. & N. C. Road.
Freight trains will leave Charlotte at 2 A. M., and arrive at 6.20 P. M.
April 4-tf JAMES ANDERSON, Supt.

MISCELLANEOUS

STAVES WANTED.

We will contract for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES on arrival,

500,000 Red Oak Hhd. Staves,	
300,000 White Oak Hhd "	
100,000 White Oak " Heading,	Norfolk Inspection.
75,000 White Oak Pipe Staves,	
50,000 White Oak Bbl "	

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The Red Oaks, from September to January next.
Dimensions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to
CHARLES ELLIS & SON,
Mar 19—tf Norfolk, Va.

For Sale.

PICKLED BEEF by the Barrel
W. H. JONES & CO.
March 18—tf Auction & Com Merchants.

Starch, Starch.

TWENTY BOXES PEARL STARCH.
For sale by
may 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

WALTER CLARK,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.
Jan 29-149-6m

24 PRS. VARNISHED PATENT HAMES.
may 13-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

NEW N. C. CUT HERRINGS.
50 barrels just received by
may 16-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND JOBBERS IN
FOREIGN AND AMERICAN
DRY GOODS,
RALEIGH, N. C.
April 23-tf

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Family Patapsco.
25 " Superfine
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 8—tf At ANDREWS'.

Wheat Threshers, Separators and Horse Power.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE FARMERS' HALL one sample 28 INCH SEPARATOR, with horse power complete.
Farmers are requested to call and see them, as it is important to have their orders soon to secure their machines in time.
Also in store the most approved CIDER MILLS, WHEAT FANS, STRAW CUTTERS, &c.
may 23- JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

CORN.

500 bushels just to hand.
June 2-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Tubs.

50 VARNISHED AND IRON HOOPED—large size.
may 21- G. T. & W. T. STRONACH.

STENCIL NAME PLATES,

FOR MARKING CLOTHING WITH INDELIBLE INK, AND FOR MARKING BOOKS, SHEET-MUSIC, &c.
Everybody should have one!—No preparation is required on the cloth.—It will not wash out. A prize for ladies! Send for circular and sample.
Plain styles 50cts., ornamental 75cts. Send on your orders.
Address R. P. HARRIS, SENTINEL OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$ 1 00
Six months	4 00
One year	8 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4 00
" " " six months	2 00
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2 00
" " " six months	1 00

THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1868

MEETING OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The following Proclamation appears in the *Standard* of yesterday. We publish it for the information of the members elect and of the public:

PROCLAMATION,

BY W. W. HOLDEN,

GOVERNOR ELECT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

In pursuance of authority vested in me by an act passed by the Congress of the United States, entitled "an act to admit the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia, Alabama, and Florida to representation in Congress," the members elect to the Legislature of North Carolina, chosen under and by authority of the law of the United States of March 2d, 1867, "to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," and the laws supplementary thereto, are hereby notified to assemble in the city of Raleigh, on Wednesday, the 1st day of July, Anno Domini, 1868.

W. W. HOLDEN,
Gov. Elect of North Carolina.

Raleigh, June 15, 1868.

This is the first time in the history of the country,—perhaps, of *any* country,—that an officer *elect*, and one who is, indeed, at present, ineligible, performs the functions of the officer *de facto*. The validity of the order, of course, depends upon the validity of the law of Congress inaugurating the proceedings. The "Governor elect" very properly ignores, in his proclamation, any authority in himself, or in the members elect of the General Assembly, derived *from the people* or the new Constitution of North Carolina, in that he acknowledges the Legislature to have been chosen under and by the authority of the laws of the United States.

But where does "Gov." Holden derive his authority *for* convening the Legislature?—He will say, perhaps, that he derives it from the Omnibus bill. *But that bill has not yet become a law! and cannot become a law for several days yet.* This action is verily in hot haste, and betrays such an intensity of anxiety for office as we have never before seen exhibited. The Convention provided that the Legislature may be called together within fifteen days after Congress approves of the Constitution, but the fifteen days cannot begin until the action of Congress upon it becomes *law*. Whereas the Omnibus bill provides for the calling of the Legislature twenty days *after the act takes effect*, in those States where a *day had been fixed* by the Convention for its meeting and had passed. As the Convention did not *fix the day* for the Legislature to meet, it strikes us that the terms of the Omnibus bill should be complied with, and, therefore, the "Governor elect" should have waited until the bill "took effect" as a law, and *then* called the Legislature to meet twenty days thereafter.

We allude to these matters in no captious spirit, with no desire to create difficulties or raise obstructions to our political opponents' enjoying what their souls long for, but simply because we are anxious for the full restoration of order, and because we believe in literal compliance with law.

REMOVAL OF DISABILITIES.

All the members of the Legislature, and all the State officers chosen in the late election, in this State, were elected under the authority, and by the direction, of the Congressional Reconstruction Acts. A number of the members elect to the Legislature and the State offices, both Radical and Conservative, lie under the disabilities of the reconstruction acts, yet they were all elected by the same authority and by the registered, qualified voters of North Carolina, as authorized by Congress.

The Bill before Congress, and which has passed the House, removing disabilities, embraces such names as partisan Radicals thought proper to recommend for Congressional clemency. It was gotten up in a spirit of partyism and selfishness, and intentionally omits the names of many of the best Union men in the State, men who have never wavered. It omits the name of Gen. Dockery, omitted, it is charged, because one of the parties feared his claims to the U. S. Senate—and omits the names of numbers who were elected to the Legislature and to office, whose claims are every way equal to others embraced in the bill.

Can Congress consistently refuse to remove the disabilities of *every one* thus elected, without ignoring its own scheme of reconstruction? Can it refuse to relieve every one elected, without incurring the charge of legislating only for a party? It seems to us that the ordinary rules of propriety, as well as a proper regard for its own reconstruction measure, ought to secure from Congress the removal of all disabilities from every person elected under those Acts.

MR. PENDLETON AND SUFFRAGE.—A correspondent of the New York *Herald*, who has recently had an interview with Mr. Pendleton, states that "he holds to the ancient Democratic faith on the question of suffrage in the reconstructed States." It is one which is constitutionally left to the States, and each State should have the right to determine it for itself. He is opposed to the enfranchisement of the negro in the South by Congress, and thinks that if the black man is committed to the care of his white fellow-citizens in that region, he will be subjected to no more injustice than is the woman of the North, who is not allowed to vote, but is still secured in all her rights. His parallel is quite an ingenious, if not an original, illustration of his views on this important issue."

The Arkansas Constitution sends anybody to jail who presumes to keep a stallion without having taken the electoral oath.

OUR STATUS.

The military authorities in this State, and the present civil officers, both executive and judicial, hold on, under the laws of Congress, until the General Assembly convenes and adopts the Howard Amendment. The first section of the Omnibus bill requires, in order to *representation* in Congress, not only the adoption of the Howard Amendment by the General Assembly, but, also, the adoption of the "fundamental condition," that no subsequent Conventions of the States shall ever amend or change their Constitutions so as to deprive any citizen or class of citizens of the United States of the right to vote, who are entitled to suffrage under the Constitutions as they now stand. But the third section only requires the adoption of the Howard Amendment by the Legislature, in order to the inauguration of the executive and judicial officers of the State. The test oath will *not thus* be required of the executive and judicial officers, but the oath prescribed in the new Constitution; yet no such officer can then be inaugurated, whose disabilities have not been removed by Congress.

The bill now before Congress removing the disabilities, which has passed the House, simply removes those disabilities, without suspending the test oath. We conclude, therefore, that all the members of the Legislature, who cannot take the test oath, will not, under Gen. Canby's order, be permitted to take their seats. Unless Gen. Canby suspends his order, (and we do not see how he or Gen. Grant can do so, unless the Congress shall modify or amend the Reconstruction Acts,) can a sufficient number of the members elect to the General Assembly take the test oath, to constitute a quorum? It may be that enough of the members elect *will* do so, but the impression prevails that enough cannot. If it should turn out that a quorum of the Legislature cannot take the test oath, what then? Will Congress suspend the operation of the law requiring the test oath, so that *all* the members elect can qualify as members of the General Assembly, *or* will it order a new election?

"Fellow citizens, *we are going home.* Let painful reflections upon our late separation, and pleasant memories of our *early* union, quicken our footsteps towards the old mansion, that we may grasp hard again the hand of friendship which stands at the door, &c."

On the 2nd. day of October, 1865, these words were uttered by the Hon. Edwin G. Reade, on assuming the chair as President of the Convention, assembled in pursuance of the proclamation of the President. On the succeeding day, W. W. Holden, then Provisional Governor of the State, in holding his first official communication with the Convention, said:

"It is my *firm belief* that the policy of the President, which is as broad, as liberal and as *just* as the *Constitution itself*, will be approved by the great body of the people of the United States; and that the period is not distant, if we are true to ourselves, and properly regardful of the reasonable expectations of our friends in other States, when our Senators and Representatives will resume their seats in Congress, &c. In the touching language of your most worthy presiding officer, *we are going home, &c.*"

We do not care, at this late day, to enquire why it is, that a policy which, in 1865, was "as *just* as the Constitution itself," so soon thereafter became the work of a "traitor" and an "usurper." Certain, however, it is, that he, who was President Johnson's Governor, *then*, is *now*, by one of those metamorphoses of which the subject is so notoriously capable, the Governor (elect) of Congress,—in neither case the Governor of *the people*, the constitutional white voters of North Carolina. *Not then, nor ever!*

But we were "going home." Yes, nearly everybody thought so in October, 1865.—There can be no question but that, had President Johnson's policy of restoration, offensive and unwarranted as it was in many particulars, been allowed to have been carried out, the States would, two years since, have been remitted to their normal relations with the Federal government, and, long ere this, the recuperative energy of our people, encouraged by the prospect of peace and unfettered by military shackles, would have placed them on the high road to prosperity. But "the hand of friendship," which stood "at the door" when we were ready to grasp it, was removed and the portals closed, and in its place there appeared, not at an open door, but peeping through barred and grated windows, the repulsive countenance of party malevolence and Jacobin fanaticism. When, burying the acerbities of the past, and making every concession that had been exacted, we still approached and asked admittance, we were greeted with contumely and insult, and told that we must "crawl on the belly," with mouth in dust and hand on mouth, ere we could be received within the gates by the forbidding janitor. "Going home" ceased to be an attractive journey, and the "hand of friendship" became a myth.

"We are going home," once more, it is said. Imagine a family, about whose homestead the fiery circles of war swept so closely, that they were compelled to leave it and take up their abode in a distant part of the land. The war over, their thoughts were full of the anticipation of "going home" again, of trying to forget the bitter memories of their separation, and of renewing the happy associations of other days. As they approach the spot, the unhappy refugees find the old home dismantled, the roof-trees uprooted, the walls in ruins—they see but a faint semblance of the old mansion.

That is about the "home" to which we are going. With a divested sovereignty, crippled powers, impaired rights, maimed and mutilated, we go to what is called, by way of satire, we suppose, home,—where we shall be received as inferiors and treated as inferiors, where we shall find uncouth house-hold gods set up, and strange faces around the board! But, with the help of Providence and the assistance of friends, we must expel the intruders, re-build, if possible, the waste places, and restore the spirit of the Constitution to our national "home!"

STATE ITEMS.

Improvement is the order of the day in our bustling, thriving sister city of Charlotte. The *Democrat* says:

"Two large brick buildings are now in process of construction in this city. One, nearly opposite the Court House, by W. G. Gray, will contain three store rooms on the first floor, while the upper story will be fitted up for a Hotel or boarding house. It will add beauty to the appearance of that part of the city.

R. Y. McAden is erecting a commodious building on the space between Granite Row and Carson's building. There are to be two large basement stores in addition to the rooms on the first, second and third floors. The National Bank will occupy an office on the first floor. From what we hear, we presume it will be the handsomest building ever erected West of Raleigh."

The Newbern *Journal of Commerce* intimates that O. H. Colgrove, the lately elected carpet-bag Sheriff of Jones county, has left the county, for the county's good.

Huckleberries abundant in the Wilmington market, at from five to six cents a quart.

The rains of last week did great damage to the crops in Brunswick. The Wilmington *Journal* says:

"All of the growing corn in the lowlands is completely uprooted and washed away. The damage has been fearful and the planters have suffered heavily. Rice fields are entirely submerged and on some farms the water is even above the banks. It is estimated that the water in the creeks and branches is eighteen inches higher than after the heavy rains of last Summer. Although it did not come in such a volume as then, it is calculated that more water has fallen, the rain having continued to pour down hard for a great length of time.

Most of the mill seats in this county so far as heard from are entirely destroyed."

The Milton *Chronicle* gives the following characteristic portrait. The man Stephens referred to was the Radical candidate for the Senate, in opposition to the Hon. Bedford Brown:

"Our readers remember, we stated that Gen. Canby had sent an officer to Caswell to inquire into the alleged fraud in the recent election. Walter Stephens objected to a certain man's voting on the ground that he had been indicted for stealing wheat. The prosecution in the case alluded to was compounded, we learn, by the defendant paying the cost.

The Clerk of Caswell, who happened to be present, reminded Stephens that it was a case exactly similar to *his*—that he, Stephens, had been indicted for stealing chickens and the case was disposed of in the same way. Stephens contended that his case was different, inasmuch as he was tried by a *single* magistrate. The clerk then drew the record on him with the county seal. Stephens was dumb as an oyster.

A new Freedmen's Bureau agent has been sent to Caswell, and Stephens has played out. Alas, poor Stephens!"

RADICAL MORALITY.

The seventh verse of the last chapter of radicalism is rich. It reads: "The government of the United States *should be* administered with strict economy (!) The corruptions which have been so shamefully spread and fostered by Andrew Johnson call loudly for RADICAL reform" (!!) It cannot be that the zealous devotees of Jacobinism who composed the Chicago Convention intended this for a satire upon the corruptions of their party. If it had come, however, from the "sarkastic" pen of an Artemus Ward, no one would be in the least doubt as to the richness of the joke; but, emanating from the source which it did, we are driven to the conclusion that it is meant for a *bona fide* addition to the radical compendium of "great moral ideas."

But, joke or no joke, it is rich; as one of Dr. Holland's famous characters would say, "rich in all the elements of fertility." A radical Convention, in which D. W. Logan was high cock-a-lorum, reading Andrew Johnson a lecture on "corruption" and "radical reform," is a development of the ludicrous which never would have been looked for outside of *Punch*. Ben Butler lecturing a Sabbath school "on the vice of petit larceny, and the natural respect due from man to the fair sex," is the only remaining step to cap forever the climax of absurdity.

It is a singular fact, worthy of mention in this connection, that the very first symptom of radical dissatisfaction with President Johnson sprung from the latter's refusal to accept a bribe from radical contractors, in the shape of a "princely rig," consisting of two horses, harness, carriage, etc.; and that one of the last was his refusal to compromise impeachment, though the radicals were willing to accept the full consideration in guano! A history of the repeated failure of the radicals to bribe and corrupt President Johnson into a departure from his policy, and to wink at the schemes devised by Congress to plunder the people for the benefit of their party, would be a complete history of the legislative and executive branches of the government for the past three years. That has been the *sole and only cause of the warfare between the President and Congress.*—*Chicago Times.*

GEN. HOWARD, the chief agent and director of this debased, profligate, and mischief-making crew, (the Bureau,) stands before the country in another aspect. He has been charged with being friendly to amalgamation, and he has denied it. Will he deny this: that when a correspondent of a Western paper wrote to his journal a *denial* of the allegation that Howard was an amalgamationist, he (Howard) did thereupon write to that correspondent a note requesting him "*not to commit him any further on the subject.*" If we understand the note in question, the idea is that Gen. Howard was not willing to be ranked among those *opposed* to amalgamation; but if we have misconceived his position, or others have done so, we entreat him to remove all doubts by publishing the paragraph of the correspondent and his own note, of which he perhaps has a copy, or by calling on the correspondent to do so.

And in the same connexion, we ask the chief of the Freedmen's Bureau to republish his letter justifying the practice of his agents in North Carolina becoming partners in cotton farms—to be worked by negroes, the construction of whose contracts for labor it was the right and duty of the bureau to pass upon finally, without appeal. Let us have all this refreshing literature, for the summer draws nigh, and there is no assurance the cool weather will continue.—*National Intelligencer.*

An exchange asserts that the members of the late menagerie in Alabama used the carpets on the floor of the hall in the State Capitol, where they held their meetings, to make carpet-sacks with. The manufacturer of the carpet, who was a delegate to the Chicago Convention, recognized his handiwork among the baggage of the Alabama bummers.

A. H. Stevens says Grant and Colfax will not be elected.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Gullett Steel Brush Gin.

USED BY ALL PLANTERS SOUTH. If you want to get one cent more for your Cotton, in the pound, BUY ONE. On exhibition at N. C. Depot.
June 17-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

FAMILY FLOUR.
Warranted.
June 17-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

HERRINGS.
100 bbls. fresh. For sale cheap.
June 17-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

HAMS.
Well cured North Carolina.
June 17-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

WESTERN BACON
Shoulders and Sides—Cheap.
June 17 tf G T & W C STRONACH.

SHOES.
Home work! Another supply.
June 17-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

WHITE CORN.
Another supply.
June 17-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

For Sale.

20 BELS. LABRADOR GROSS HERRINGS, very low to close consignment.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 17-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"

is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and at short notice. Also

COTTON AND PAPER FLOUR SACKS neatly printed to order.

Information promptly furnished upon application

W. B. ASTEN & CO.,
June 17-3m 25 PEARL ST., New York City.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, Va.,

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK and PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.
June 17-3m*

Notice by Administratrix.

HAVING QUALIFIED as Administratrix of Patrick Fer all, dec'd., at May Term, 1868, of Wake County Court, I give notice to the debtors of the estate to make payment and to the creditors to present their claims, within the time prescribed by law.

MARGARET FERRALL,
Raleigh, N. C., June 16-1m* Adm'x.

Henderson Collegiate Institute,

HENDERSON, N. C.

FRED A. FETTER, A. M., Principal.
CHARLES FETTER, A. B., Assistant.

THE FIFTH SESSION of this Institution will open on Wednesday, 1st July, 1868.

Course of study designed to prepare boys for any University, or for business.

TERMS:

Per Session of 20 weeks—half in advance, balance on the 1st September:

Tuition and Board, (with the Principal,) fuel and lights included, $175 00.

Each Student is required to furnish a pair of blankets, a pair of sheets, a pair of pillow-cases and his towels.

Circulars sent on application
June 16—3awim

LIVERPOOL FINE SALT!

4,000 Sacks LIVERPOOL SALT, of favorite brands, say "Worthington," "Verdens" and "Deans"—daily expected, which we offer low to the trade of Raleigh.

McILWAINE & CO.,
June 15-7t Petersburg, Va.

Louisburg Female College,

FRANKLIN CO., N. C.

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 13th day of August.

The success of the institution, under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:

Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $150. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.

An able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical Instruments; a beautiful, pleasant, and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare; kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample Religious privileges.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to T. M. JONES,
June 15-tf President.

DR. JORDAN, OF NORFOLK, VA.,

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WINDPIPE AND LUNGS,

By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Green, of New York, with a success beyond any other treatment ever instituted.

He has devoted much time and treated Female Complaints, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. Skin diseases of the most inveterate character, he has had the good fortune to cure in a short time.

Norfolk is one of the best retreats for patients of either class on the American Continent.
Norfolk, Va., June 15-tf

For Sale,

VERY LOW, A SMALL HOUSE, with 3 Rooms, Lot fronts 63 feet on Blodsworth Street, and 210 deep.

W. H. JONES & CO.
June 6-tf. Auct'rs and Com. Merchants.

For Rent.

ELEGANT BASEMENT ROOM, for business purposes, under the Raleigh National Bank. Also a first class BUILDING, adjoining suitable for a Banking, Insurance or Law Office. Proposals invited for a few days at the Bank.
May 1-tf

Snuff, Snuff.

5 BBLS. MORE EGERTON SNUFF, Just to hand at
June 5 UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

SWEET SPRINGS,

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA,

WILL BE OPENED for the reception of visitors JUNE 20th, and, as heretofore, will be kept as a strictly first-class hotel. Passengers from the South will take Tenn. & Va. R. R. to Bonsak's Station, where first-class coaches will be in readiness to convey them to the Springs.

Board $3 per day. June 12-1Aug5

Fish.

FIFTY HALF BBLS. Roe Herrings.
25 half bbls Shad. Selected for Family use.
June 2-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Herring—No. 1.

JUST RECEIVED, a No. 1 lot of Elliott's FAMILY CUT HERRING at
June 13-3t S. D. HARRISON.

HARMAN'S STEEL TOOTH WHEEL HORSE RAKES, for saving Grain or Grass. Call and see it at the "Farmer's Hall."
JAS. M. TOWLES,
June 13-tf Agent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

YOUNG'S

BOARDING HOUSE,

NEAR THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Board, per Day, $2,00.

Liberal deductions made on Board by the Month. Rooms large, comfortable and well furnished.

FARE GOOD.
June 6-1m

For Sale.

A NICE LITTLE FARM, within two miles of the City. Comfortable Dwelling, Gin House, Gin and Cotton screws and necessary out-buildings, and a nice young Orchard of select Fruit.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 5-tf Auct'rs and Com. Merchants

LARD.

600 lbs. North Carolina Lard.
June 4-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

For Sale.

TWO FIRST RATE COTTON GINS, 45 and 50 Saws to the Gin.

W. H JONES & CO.,
June 5-tf Auct'rs and Com Merchants.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

THE SUBSCRIBER has just returned from New York, with a splendid collection of

PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS.

The largest and finest assortment of FRAMES ever brought to this place,—in which pictures will be placed at prices to suit the times.

GALLERY—Second door from Tucker Hall.
June 4-3m J. W. WATSON.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

EVERY ARTICLE necessary to a gentleman's complete outfit can be obtained of

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,

CLOTHIERS,

OPPOSITE TUCKER HALL,

Raleigh, N. C.

June 4-tf

JUST RECEIVED!

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS,

FINE BLACK ALPACA SACKS AND FROCKS,

A new lot of very superior

WHITE MARSEILLES VESTS,

Very desirable in warm weather,

At

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S FURNISHING STORE,
Opposite Tucker Hall,
June 4-tf Raleigh N. C

JUST RECEIVED.

A NEW LOT OF

FINE DRESS SHIRTS,

All sizes. A perfect fit guaranteed in every instance.

All persons in want of such a luxury should call and supply themselves at once.

At

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Opposite Tucker Hall.
June 4-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MANUFACTURER OF

GOLD AND SILVER WARE.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Spectacles,

and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.

Call and see.
June 1-3m

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE!

THE BEST JUDGES OF

FABRIC!

The best taste in **STYLE!** After "shopping" around, always buy of

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, May 2-tf

CALL IN!

YOU WILL SEE

WHY

WE LEAD THE RETAIL TRADE

of the City and County.
May 2-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

2,000 YARDS GRENADINE!

A great novelty for

Ladies' Dress Goods.

Only 25 cents per yard.
May 2-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

100 CASES OF SHOES, For Men, Women and Boys, lower than ever, direct from the manufactories.
May 2-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

43 CASES OF **SPRING AND SUMMER HATS**, for Men, Women and Children, from 25 cents upwards.
May 2-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO

4,600 YARDS CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, Cloths, Nankinetts, Deminss, and Linen Cottonades, from 25 cents per yard, and upward, for men and boys.
May 2-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

COLGATE & CO'S

GERMAN

ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF

EXCELLENCE.

For Sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 22—3m

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN who has a knowledge of the Hardware business, of good character and steady habits, can get a permanent situation by applying to JOHN DAWSON,
June 8-1w Wilmington, N. C.

BASKETS.

Another lot.
June 4-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS, $9,000,000.

No. POLICIES 52,700.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51.

DIVIDENDS, 50 per cent.

In these days of competition between Life Insurance Companies, much is said by rival Agents, each claiming that Company he represents to be the best. Without saying anything in disparagement of any Company, or, by simple assertion, anything in its favor, the ÆTNA begs leave to refer to the annexed table, compiled from the OFFICIAL and SWORN statements of twenty of the largest Companies in America, made to the Insurance Commissioners of the State of New York. The table shows the ratio of expense to each $100 received by each Company, for the three years ending January 1, 1868.

It will be seen that the expenses of the Ætna are much lower than any other Company; and after the average is struck, the ÆTNA, in 1865, saved $10 41 out of each $100 received,—more than the average; in 1866, $7 17, and in 1867, $4 90. The receipts of the ÆTNA were, in 1865, $3,655,309; in 1866, $3,523,376, and in 1867, $7,120,447. Consequently, its savings in the three years were $677,503.39, to which add 7 per cent. interest to July 1, 1868 ($120,267,64), making a grand total of $797,907 03 saved over the average of all other Companies.

This is the measure of success, as applied by the Hon Elizur Wright, the greatest of American actuaries, to all Companies, and simply means that the Company whose RATIO of expense to its income is the least, is the best able to pay large dividends to its policy holders. That the ÆTNA is THAT Company, these comparisons of official statements plainly show.

Official Statement showing the Expenses and Losses by the Twenty Largest Insurance Companies in America.

[FROM THE NEW YORK SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.]

NAMES.	Expenses and Claims paid out of each $100 of Income. 1865.	1866.	1867.	3 Years Average.
Connecticut Mutual	$ 33 87	$ 25 38	$ 28 90	$ 29 38
Charter Oak	32 62	29 26	28 90	30 02
Equitable	37 16	30 98	26 31	31 48
Globe Mutual	33 18	35 67	32 92	33 92
Germania	49 28	47 38	41 12	45 91
Guardian Mutual	40 07	31 20	36 50	35 92
Home	35 98	37 41	34 85	36 08
Knickerbocker	42 05	42 58	35 87	40 16
Mutual Life	38 84	30 03	22 76	30 54
Mutual Benefit	31 33	32 69	27 39	30 44
Manhattan	34 80	31 50	33 23	33 18
Mass. Mutual	38 14	33 44	36 40	35 99
New England Mutual	40 31	30 85	29 44	33 53
New York Life	37 09	28 26	29 48	31 61
North American	32 01	23 49	24 71	26 73
Phœnix Mutual	37 06	30 97	29 30	30 44
Security	37 14	36 30	33 76	35 71
Union Mutual	32 06	29 98	26 96	29 66
Washington	42 20	49 40	41 77	44 45
Average of 19 Companies	37 11	33 51	31 56	33 93
The "ÆTNA"	26 70	26 32	26 66	26 56
Difference	10 41	7 19	4 90	7 04

The ÆTNA income for 1865 was $1,655,309, on which $10 41 per 100, SAVED $172,317 66
" " " 1866 " $3,523,376, " 7 19 " " 253,259 93
" " " 1867 " $5,120,447 " 4 90 " " 251,347 90
To which add 7 per cent. compound interest to July 1, 1868 170,286 94
Giving a Total Saved by the Ætna in 3 years of $ 797,907 93

In proof of these statements, the official reports can be seen, by all who wish, at the

Raleigh Branch Office,

W. H. CROW, Manager.

June 1-tf

PHŒNIX MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE **PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY**, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest receipts alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. It WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$ 1 [illegible]
ÆTNA	1 [illegible]
BROOKLYN	1 [illegible]
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 76
EQUITABLE	1 [illegible]
MANHATTAN	1 [illegible]

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. RAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS. LIFE AND ENDOWMENT. DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 1-11 Broadway, New York City.

WM. H. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished by call, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., March 25—1868-3m

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A square will be hereafter estimated at 13 minion lines, or 1 inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	8,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1868.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Messrs. W. B. Aiken & Co., No. 25 Pearl St., N. Y., advertise Grain and Flour Sacks. They can furnish Grain Sacks of all sizes and qualities. Cotton and Paper Flour Sacks printed to order, &c.

Flour, Herrings, Hams, Corn, Western Bacon, Shoes, &c.: G. T. & W. C. Stronach.

Gullett's Steel Cotton Gin: On exhibition by Messrs. G. T. & W. C. Stronach.

Labrador Gross Herrings, very low, to close consignment: W. H. Jones & Co., Auction and Commission Merchants.

We direct attention to the Card of J. B. Hunter & Co., Cotton Factors and Produce Commission Merchants, Portsmouth. We needn't say a word in commendation of this Firm, before a North Carolina public. It is getting to be a "household word."

AUCTION TO NIGHT.—Messrs. W. H. Jones & Co., will sell at Auction, this (Wednesday) night, a large lot of Miscellaneous Goods, Shoes, Ready-made Clothing, &c.

ICE CREAM.—Bradley & Christophers commenced dispensing this luxury, on yesterday. It is good. Call and try it. Whenever the sign is out, it will be on hand.

A NEW FEATURE.—We observe, on the streets, a very neat and handsome covered "Jersey wagon," belonging to Simpson's Bakery, which goes the rounds regularly, supplying customers with bread, cakes, &c. It has a jaunty, city-like look, and reflects credit upon Simpson's taste and enterprise. By the way, if *he* don't make *good* bread, we don't know what good bread is.

FINE WHEAT.—Jos. Yeargin, Esq., of the vicinity of Dunnsville, has left at our office a number of heads of wheat, which are equal to anything we have seen, this season. Gov. Manly, in the Southern suburbs of the City, has raised some, which is perhaps as fine. As the harvesting season progresses, we are pleased to hear highly favorable accounts of the yield.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY for July, prompt as usual, and with an additional quantity of Summer Literature, is the most useful and interesting of all the parlor periodicals, readable from beginning to end, and, better than that, its tone is elevated and earnest, very unlike the frivolous artificiality that disgraces so many fashion journals. The fashions are a feature, as ever. Ladies in the country think they can not make a garment without Demorest's Magazine, and there is, in addition to the treasured patterns, always a fund of useful and valuable information upon all household and domestic subjects. W. Jennings Demorest, 473 Broadway, New York. $3.00, yearly.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL.—The Petersburg *Express* speaks in the following terms of merited praise of this excellent institution:

"With no desire to reflect upon schools of a similar character, we will be pardoned for remarking that a long and familiar observation of the operations of this Seminary has strongly impressed us with its superior advantages. A daughter, committed to Dr. Smedes, is in safe and reliable keeping. Our friends need not fear to give him a trial."

THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE.—The Charlotte *Democrat* copies a recent notice of this Hotel from the *Sentinel*, and endorses it in the following flattering terms:

"Yes, indeed, the House is No. 1, and Mr. Blair is one of the best and most accommodating landlords we ever saw. He is never out of humor, and always anxious to serve his guests, and make everything about the Hotel pleasant."

WOULDN'T it be funny, if Gen. Canby should suspend "Governor elect" Holden's order convening the Legislature, with a gentle reminder that it will be well enough for him to "wait for the wagon" (*Omnibus*,) —wait until the "Six States" bill becomes *a law?* It would be stranger still, if the rumor is true, that Gen. Canby, himself, has assumed that to be law, which is, as yet, no law, and ordered the convening of the Legislature!

Ex-Governor Buckingham, of Connecticut, recently elected by the radical Legislature to the Senate, is lying so ill that his life is despaired of. If he should die, the Democratic Governor (English) would, under the operation of the present laws, have the appointment of a Senator, who would serve until the election of a new Legislature. To prevent such a contingency, a bill was introduced to-day in the Senate by Mr. Edmunds, the effect of which will be to give the power to the radical Legislature to proceed at once to elect a new Senator in case the Senator elect should die. There never was a legislative body, since the foundation of governments, which has enacted so much special legislation to further party purposes as this Congress.—*Wash. Cor. Baltimore Sun.*

Our Washington Correspondence.

The Approaching National Convention—Hancock, Pendleton, Chase—The Responsibilities of the Hour.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15, 1868.

MESSRS. EDITORS: The action of the approaching Democratic Convention is the question which is at present attracting the most earnest and serious attention and consideration, both inside and outside of the party, in political circles here. Indeed, the unusual and deep interest which this subject is creating, is an earnest of the important influence which the questions involved are exerting on the great popular mind.—During the past twelve months, the Democratic party in the North, in point of organization, wise and prudent action, dignified devotion to principle, energetic and enterprising spirit, has exhibited a degree of strength and vitality, which augurs exceedingly favorably for the future.

Animated by this condition, and the cheering influence of recent successes, the party will assemble in a Convention, on the 4th of July, in many respects the most peculiar, and most certainly the most momentous, that ever assembled on any previous occasion. The present opportunity seems auspicious and favorable to success, provided it is rightly courted and judiciously cultivated. In considering the chances of Democratic success, it is proper, in the beginning, to remember two important facts, as encouraging circumstances, in the present political emergency: Firstly, that the approaching election is the first which has been held for the past eight years, in which the North will cast a vote, free of military power and influence; and, in the second place, it is the first general election, since the original election of Lincoln, in which the Democratic party has had an unrestricted opportunity to act in open concert as an organization, and cast a vote uninfluenced by causes of intimidation or the restraints of public opinion. It will, therefore, be hazarding nothing to say, that, for the past eight years, and until recently, the Radical party, and, indeed, the whole country at large, has been in a state of entire ignorance of the actual and *latent* strength of the Democratic cause, either numerically or in spirit. The extraordinary developments of the state of public opinion and party strength, made through the State elections held during the past year, furnish the most important political indications and facts, not only of existing conditions, but clearly disclose the fact, that, while the various influences associated with the war and comprised in the violence and pressure of a revolutionary public opinion, the power of the military, and the seductions of interest, had served to neutralize temporarily the action, and dissipate the influence and organization of the Democratic party for a time, so soon as such influences were removed, the party re-asserts its power and strength as boldly and fearlessly as ever. It is not probable, that the decided Democratic majorities exhibited in recent State elections are of late acquisition, but are rather an evidence of the concentration of the elements of this party, which had been temporarily separated, by adventitious causes, into a thorough re-organization for the great emergency of the present.

But while the present prospects of the Democratic party are infinitely more hopeful than at any period since the first election of Lincoln, the opportunity is too precious to be thrown away on, and the objects too vital to be lost sight of in, mere personal or selfish consideration or partisan prejudice; and whether its rich fruits are gathered or lost, will depend much on the exercise of wisdom, prudence and judgment in the action of this Convention, that is to shape the course and direct the conduct of the party in the approaching conflict. In this body there will be presented three pretty well defined shades of Democratic opinion,—represented in the war, the peace Democracy, and the Conservative or moderate element. It will not be so difficult to reconcile these elements, as might, on casual observation, appear. If any fundamental difference has existed between them at all, it only relates to past issues, while, on present questions, they are all fully arrayed in opposition to Radicalism. Specially is this true in regard to the question of universal or negro suffrage. The opposition to Congressional legislation on this matter, among the intelligent masses, is manifestly growing daily, while the propriety of throwing the entire question back on the constitutional principle of State rights is becoming equally favorable in public sentiment. Thus, as heretofore mentioned, in regard to the actual or true strength of the Democratic party, both parties have labored under a misconception, but both now are being equally undeceived in this particular, at a time mutually critical and vital. The Democratic party will act in future with a full consciousness and just conception of its own internal resources, while the Radicals will, in the effort of sustaining a declining cause, operate under greater uncertainty.

The names of Gen. Hancock, Mr. Pendleton, and Judge Chase will be presented most conspicuously before the Convention as the representatives of the different political opinions alluded to. The administration of affairs, while in command at New Orleans, fully establishes the reputation of the former for honorable, high-minded and judicious statesmanship, justice, candor and firmness. He would, in all probability, unite the party more closely than any other man. The political position of Pendleton, of Ohio, is somewhat more peculiar and progressive. The chief difficulty with him is whether the period or stage suitable to his particular views has been reached. Besides his peace proclivities, and his adherence to sound State Rights doctrines, he is infinitely more than these; he is the true and faithful exponent and representative of that influential political element, found in the great laboring masses of the North, in their relations to the financial questions of the day. The financial troubles, the social and pecuniary distresses of the vast laboring and solid business classes of the North and South, their interests and future prospects, are questions, which, in spite of all opposition, will be brought actively and prominently into the arena of the political campaign, for discussion and decision. This will, in all probability, prove the pivot upon which the future policy of the country, both financial and political, will turn.—Indeed, the importance of this influence cannot now well be estimated.

Through the influence of corrupt, malicious and partizan legislation, and the universal and almost hopeless decay in the South, the prime necessaries of life, throughout the nation, have progressively increased in price to an unheard of extent, while the value of labor has either remained, for some time past, stationary, or declined to a point at which the laboring and business man finds himself in a condition of increasing embarrassment, without a hope of extrication. The expenses of supporting life, under Radical rule in the U. S., with a population of not one fourth the density of many portions of Europe, are actually greater than in almost any other part of the civilized world. Under this rule, according to statistical facts, the productions of the nation have diminished more than a fourth, while the number of consumers has actually increased. And thus these vast and preponderant classes find the constantly increasing insufficiency of the results of wages of labor, to support life, pay taxes, educate the mind, and procure the common comforts, until the question has reached the magnitude of a fearful evil, which promises no abatement under the present system.—The strain and tension in the struggle of the laborer for existence is growing fearfully tighter daily. He sees and feels it, and demands a relief that shall be speedy and permanent. This, in part, explains the late reactionary movement in favor of the principles of Democracy. If the North could, under these circumstances, go on increasing in wealth and prosperity, a fearful despotism might be erected, while the opportunity is so promising, and the South sink under its iron heel without an iota of sympathy from her flourishing neighbors, and only with applause for the successful despots. But, fortunately, the results of this system tend otherwise, and only serve to bring ruin and decay upon all sections alike. The fact that Mr. Pendleton is a stern and sincere advocate of a reduction of taxation, and of paying the public debt in national currency, thus putting all men, capitalist and laborer, on an equal footing, makes him the champion of the rights of the latter, and a formidable candidate in the Convention. Hence, it is a mistake to suppose, that his friends rely on his known attachment to the principles of the peace Democracy alone. The question of bread, influenced by the revolutionary condition of the country, has, in the last twelve months, assumed a more serious phase in this nation, and will exert a more potent influence in its policy, than ever before. Radical rule promises nothing more than a continuation of the fearful disorganization, which has followed constantly in its footsteps heretofore, and the industrial classes of the North are waking up to its truthfulness. This constitutes the most hopeful and encouraging circumstance of the present struggle.

The claims of Judge Chase for the nomination are also being pressed with energy and vigor. Of his character and ability all are fully aware, and it may be said, truthfully, that the honest, candid and judicious part which he bore in the late impeachment trial did much to prevent a despotic usurpation of the government, at least for the time. This is one of the most delicate, important matters that the party will have to deal with. Representing the pure Conservative element, the nomination of Judge Chase would turn entirely on the principle of compromise. In those great questions, which will come before the Convention, or arise during the campaign, the Democratic party cannot afford, at this juncture, to permit itself to be drawn aside either from its settled principles, or from the plain beaten path of Constitutional duty. It it should, in the vain hope of meeting the corrupting and abstruse doctrines of Radicalism, suffer itself to be drawn into novel positions, and into adopting untried views, every step will only serve to embarrass their future action. In the selection of leaders, and in the adoption of principles, the party, in the present undefined state of affairs, should study as vigilantly the political tendencies of the times, whether progressive or retroactive, as the scientific man watches the cycles of nature or the epidemic tendencies of disease. All the political indications of the past twelve months point to reactionary movements of so general and positive a character as to indicate that a revolution in party ascendancy is at hand. Whether these movements denote a fixed tendency in the popular mind to return to original Democratic principles, as a question of safety, or whether it is simply anti Radical in character, and yet uncertain in destiny, is vaguely seeking a new organization composed of the elements of all parties, conservative in type and based on desire for compromise, are considerations which should and will certainly influence the action of the party, when assembled in Convention. If this tendency partakes of the former character, it will not halt in its retroactive course, until a point in political opinion is reached, as liberal, conciliatory and generous, as Radicalism has been narrow minded and illiberal; and nothing will answer its purposes but pure and undefiled Democracy. On the other hand, if of the latter, we may then have to consider our party progress merely in the stage of political transition, without positively defined organization, in which the country is struggling to free itself from the shackles of Radical despotism. These popular tendencies and sentiments must not only be duly considered, but obeyed.

Thus, when this Convention assembles, composed of representatives from every section of the nation, if they are guided by the same prudence, judgment and firmness, which has characterized their course recently, the party may confidently rely upon judicious action there, and, whether the nominee be Hancock, Pendleton or Chase, may, with equal confidence, accept the decision.

B. B.

The term "scallawag" is one that is derived from the cattle market. It is there applied to all of the mean, lean, mangy, hide-bound, skinny, worthless cattle in every particular drove. It appeared to be so exactly suited to the men who happened to have been born white, in the South, and who had affiliated themselves with negroes and carpet baggers to degrade their States, that it was first used in this paper in a new year's article on the first of January last.—Since that time it has been taken up by the press all over the country and has become as familiar in connection with a certain class of politicians as it was before to butchers and cattle dealers.—*Rich. Examiner.*

JUDGE SHARKEY ON RECONSTRUCTION.—The venerable Judge Sharkey, of Mississippi, in a recent public letter, says:

"I regard the reconstruction measures and everything that has been done under them as not only absolutely void, but utterly subversive of the Constitution of the United States, and destructive of all the reserved rights of the States, as well as of the liberties of the people."

The name of President Andrew Johnson was stricken from the roll of membership of the New York Union League last evening.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The Albany *Argus* learns that the Hon. Charles Francis Adams, who has recently left his post as Minister to England, is here after likely to act with the Democracy.

The suggested election of ex Secretary Stanton to the United States Senate in place of Mr. Buckalew does not give unalloyed satisfaction to the Republicans of Western Pennsylvania.

South Carolina peach orchards are now loaded with this delicious fruit. It is estimated that the export of peaches from Charleston will not be less than 50,000 bushels this year.

A genius down East thinks that Stanton's name is Edwin Mucilage Stanton, because he "stuck"—as long as he could.

New Orleans has artificial ice-works, which are an object of great curiosity. The ice sells for three-fourths of a cent a pound.

Cotton Plows and Cultivators.

IN STORE MARCH'S PATENTED COTTON Plows and Corn Cultivators—approved by all who have tried them.

June 13-tf JAS. M. TOWLES.

100 BASKETS—various sizes.

may 21-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 16, M.

Gold 1,40½. Old Bonds 115½; New 114½. North Carolina, new, 68½; ex-coupons 70. Virginias, new, 55½; ex-coupons 56½. Tennessees, new, 74½; ex-coupons 74½.

Pork 28½.

Cotton steady 28½@29.

Turpentine 45½@46. Rosin rather more active. Strained Common 3,10@3 20.

LIVERPOOL, June 16, M.

Cotton sales 10 0 0—firm.

Breadstuffs quiet. Corn 34s@35s.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, June 16, P. M.

SENATE:—A bill was introduced promoting commerce between the States and dispensing with freights on mails and military and naval stores. It contemplates the construction of railroads, centering in Washington.

The bill removing the disabilities of certain citizens in North and South Carolina, Alabama and Georgia, and a few from other States.

[Telegram closes the sentence thus abruptly, without saying whether the bill was only introduced, or whether it was passed. We take it the latter, as, we learn, a private telegram has been received in this city to that effect.]

The bill covers about twelve hundred, including Governors Brown and Holden, Gen. Longstreet and Gen. W. Jones, of Tennessee,—the last the only known Democrat in the lot.

The Finance bill was resumed.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Senate amendment, relieving Roderick R. Butler, member elect from Tennessee, from disabilities, and seating him without the iron-clad oath, passed—99 to 27.

After local business, the River and Harbor bill was taken up.

It appropriates about seven millions. The South East is only benefitted by thirty thousand, for examination and survey of the Atlantic coast, and tributaries of the Mississippi; and a part of one hundred and eighty-five thousand, for improvement of the Mississippi, Missouri and Arkansas Rivers, will be spent South.

No action was taken.

A motion to reconsider the twenty per cent additional to the Department employees prevailed, and the bill was re-called from the Senate.

Adjourned.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 16, P. M.

It is rumored that General Martin McMahon, of New York, will be appointed Mexican Minister.

United States Indian Agent Leavenworth, in his report, narrates numerous outrages on the part of the Camanches and Kiowas. They seem to have a special predilection for raids into Texas. Leavenworth recommends that they be punished promptly and severely.

FROM MISSISSIPPI—REMOVAL OF GOVERNOR HUMPHRIES AND ATTORNEY GENERAL HOOKER—MORE MILITARY DESPOTISM.

JACKSON, June 16, P. M.

Gov. Humphries has been removed.

Maj. Gen. Albert Ames has been appointed Provisional Governor.

Attorney General Hooker is relieved by Captain Jasper Myers.

Both of the appointees are officers of the Federal Army.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 16, P. M.

Cotton opened more steady and closed quiet.—Sales of 1,500 bales at 28½@29—closing at 28½

Turpentine 46@47. Rosin 3,10@7.

Gold 1,41. Sterling quiet.

BALTIMORE, June 16, P. M.

Cotton quiet and dull.

Flour dull—nominal.

WILMINGTON, June 16, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine in demand at 46. Rosin—lower grades active; Strained 2,30; No. 2, 2,50; No. 1 4; Pale 5. Tar advanced and firm at 3,75.

DRIED FRUIT.

WE WANT ACTIVE, reliable Agents at every Depot (in Fruit sections) to solicit consignments and purchase all kinds of DRIED FRUIT.

Liberal advancements will be made on all consignments, upon receipt of Bills of Lading, and quick sales and prompt returns guaranteed.

Daily Prices Current sent to those desiring them.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
General Produce Commission Merchants,
June 4. Portsmouth, Va.

PARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS
Catawba County, N. C.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for visitors from June 1st to December 1st.

The medical properties of the waters, both Sulphur and Chalybeate, unrivalled. Accommodations unsurpassed, and a healthier and more delightful place not to be found.

The Proprietor has gone to great expense to improve and beautify the Springs, with an eye to the comfort of his guests, and promises every thing will be done to add to the pleasure of all who may honor him with a visit.

Take the Western N. C. Railroad at Salisbury, either on Monday, Wednesday, or Friday morning, to Hickory Station, where you will find Hacks for the Springs, a distance of six miles over a beautiful well shaded road.

A good band of MUSIC will be at the Springs the entire season. Board $20 per month; $1½ per week or $3 per day. Children under ten years of age, and servants, half price. Bath houses complete for pool, plunge, shower or tub baths, and salt, hot baths cold or hot.

J. GOLDEN WYATT,
Proprietor.
Sparkling Catawba Springs, Catawba Co., N. C.
June 1-dtw3m.

Banking and Exchange Office.

THE UNDERSIGNED, for many years Cashier of the Bank of Cape Fear at Wilmington, N. C., has, in connection with parties of ample capital, opened a BANKING HOUSE in Wilmington, on the East side of Front Street, three doors from Market Street, under the name and style of

JAMES G. BURR & CO.

They will deal in, buy and sell Stocks and Bonds on Commission. Discount business paper on liberal terms—negotiate loans for dealers—will make Collections wherever accessible, and remit for same on day of payment at as low rates as are current in the City. Will receive deposits and pay same on demand; and in short do all that appertains to a strictly legitimate Banking and Exchange business.

JAMES G. BURR,
June 15-2w Wilmington, N. C.

Thirty Days Notice.

APPLICATION will be made to the next General Assembly of the State, for an Act incorporating the NORTH CAROLINA LIFE ASSURANCE, ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY.

June 12-1awlm

JIMP!

COME TO THE "JIMP" EVERY NIGHT at 9 o'clock.

June 3-eodlw*

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE,
LEXINGTON, VA.

APPLICATIONS will be received at this time for the admission of 100 ADDITIONAL CADETS into this Institution. Those entering in the Summer months enjoy peculiar advantages in the special course of discipline and instruction, by which they are prepared for the regular studies which commence Sept. 1st.

Circulars will be sent on application.

FRANCIS H. SMITH,
may 13-3tawlwk eowtsep21. Supt.

Soap, Soap.

TWENTY-BOXES ROSIN SOAP, For sale by
may 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	85c
" Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	26
" Wilmington	27
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	20
" Graham	33
" Lexington (old)	18
" " (new)	10
" Commerce	18
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	5
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	28
" " (new)	13
Miners'and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	27
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	25
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25
N. C. R. R. Stock	90

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-298-3m

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN O. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 20)	G. B. 55
" Cape Fear	29
" Charlotte	30
" Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old	17
" Scotland	61
" Wadesborough	26
" Thomasville	20
" Wilmington	27½
" Commerce	16
" Washington	3
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	5
Miners' and Planter's Bank	40
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough, new 10, old	26
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Greensborough Mutual	6
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	138
Silver	133
Old Coupons	58
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	66
Exchange on New York	¼

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK
OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

H. W. PULLIAM, President

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.
J. C. BLAKE, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency or in New York funds at par.

PRICE CURRENT MAY 26, 1868.

Bank of Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	30
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	17
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington, (old,)	18
" " (new.)	10
" Lexington, payable at Graham	20
" North Carolina	55
" Roxboro'	60
" Thomasville	20
" Wadesboro'	26
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	2
" Wilmington	27½
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old,)	27
" " " (new.)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Miner's & Planter's Bank	40

May 26-135-tf

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	17@25
" BALT. & WESTERN	17@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	10@12
BUTTER	25@40
COTTON	25@26
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	22@30
EGGS	20@25
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 50@1 75
HERRINGS	$5 00@6 00
HIDES—Green	8c per lb.
" Dry	12½@15
HAY	1@1 25 pr. cwt.
LARD	22@25
MEAL	1 40@1 60
MOLASSES	55@65
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Black	0 00@2 25
" White	2 50@3 00
POTATOES—Irish	1 50@2 50
" Sweet	1 00@1 50
RAGS	4@5
SALT—Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@22
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	35@75

REMARKS.

Cotton—Very little offering, selling at 25 cts.

MISCELLANEOUS

MRS. H. W. MILLER'S

BOARDING HOUSE.

DAY, WEEK AND MONTH.

June 5-1w

GUANO! GUANO!

The Genuine Peruvian!

ANOTHER LOT TO-DAY RECEIVING

Ninety-two dollars and fifty cents per Ton. Five cents per pound, by the Bag.

June 6-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Bank of the State of North Carolina.

RALEIGH, June 10, 1868.

THE GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held on the first Monday in July next, at the Banking House in this City.

June 11-eod1d C. DEWEY, Agent.

ROSADALIS

For sale at and below manufacturer's prices, by JORDAN & CAIN Druggists.

June 9-tf Sycamore, corner Washington St.

HUGHES' SCHOOL.

THE NEXT SESSION OF MY SCHOOL situated six miles south of Hillsboro', will commence on the 2nd Monday of July next.

TUITION, per session of twenty weeks, $25 00

BOARD, per session, including necessary expenses, except lights, $75,00.

SAML. W. HUGHES.

June 13-1w*

GLUE.—WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a stock of Irish, Sheet and common Glue, which we will sell low. JORDAN & CAIN.

June 9-tf Druggists.

Fresh Lobsters and Salmon, Tomato Catsup, Nutmegs, &c.

W. H. JONES & CO.

April 27-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

Candles, Candles.

20 BOXES MORE ADAMANTINE CANDLES Just arrived at

June 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

THE EXHIBITION OF 1868.

THE DAYS OF ROMAN CHIVALRY ECLIPSED!

Lions Conquered by a Woman!!

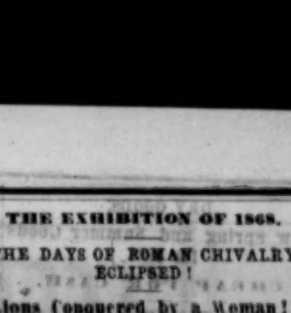
Royal Bengal Tigers Subdued!!!

The Monsters Loose in the Streets of Raleigh!

One Day Only, Monday, June 22, 1868.

COLONEL C. T. AMES'
NEW ORLEANS

MENAGERIE,



CIRCUS
AND
TROPICAL AVIARY.

A TRIPLE CONFEDERATION, almost illimitable in its resources, and more gorgeous and elegantly equipped than any kindred Exhibition extant.

The corps active numbers THIRTY-SEVEN ACCOMPLISHED ARTISTS, male and female representatives of the most elegant, graceful and pleasing Olympian Sports, including Equestrianism, Gymnastics, Pantomimics, Acrobatics and Athletics.

Among the most distinguished of the Troupe are

M'lle ESTELLE ZOYARRA,
VICTORIA DE LEE,
Madame ELIZABETH,
Mr. THOS. WATSON,
Mr. W. NAYLOR,
Mr. LEWIS CARR,
Mr. HORACE SMITH,
Signor TIBBS,
Mr. E. WINNE,
Mr. E. GOODING,
Mr. E. BANKER,
Master GEORGE,
The CASTILLION BROTHERS,
Master FRANK,
And the two intensely HUMOROUS CLOWNS,

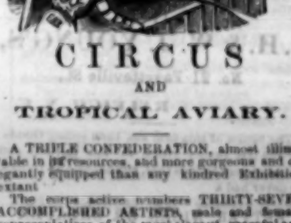
BOB SMITH AND JOHNNY LAWTON.

The Zoological Department

Is of immense magnitude, and embraces hundreds of

WILD BEASTS,

Of almost every species and geographical range, from the ELEPHANT of the burning desert of Africa, to the WHITE BEAR of the Arctic Seas, or the BISON



Of our own Western Wilds. To this is added an unusually large AVIARY, of most beautiful and brilliant Birds and Fowls Monkeys, Apes and Baboons, in countless numbers, and every tribe.

A BAND OF MUSICIANS,

That acknowledge no superior in the rendition of true harmony, led by the Lion Bugler, J. KISSLOE.

Performing Horses Trick Ponies, Educated Mules, Acting Monkeys, Sagacious Dogs, etc.

THE ONLY
Lion Enchantress in the World!!!
THE BEAUTIFUL AND FAIRY-LIKE

Signorita Ella Eugenie,

and the distinguished Naturalist and accomplished Tiger-slayer HERR ELIJAH LENGEL, accompanies this Colossal Combination, and at each Exhibition display their miraculous power and indomitable courage, by entering the dens of the

Tigers,
LIONS,
PANTHERS
AND
LEOPARDS.

For List of Animals and general particulars, see Pictorial Posters, Descriptive Bills, Bulletins, &c.

The GRAND PROCESSION, on the morning of the day of exhibition, will be unusually gorgeous and grand. In it will be borne two triumphal Cars. On the top of one will be EUGENIE, surrounded by LIONS! On the other, seated side by side, LENGEL and a Royal TIGER, the only one of his species that ever permitted himself to yield to the will of man.

Bear it in your mind, that this is strictly a Southern enterprise, and the Proprietor and Managers pledge themselves that the disreputable, or at least questionable, style of advertising attractions they do not present, shall in no instance be resorted to by them, but that every promise made to the public shall be kept to the letter.

Admission 75c. Children 50c.

Open at 2 and 7 p. m.

☞ This Company will exhibit at GOLDSBORO', on Saturday, 20th, and at WELDON, Tuesday 23rd inst.

June 15-1wdwsw

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
INCORPORATED IN 1846.

ACCUMULATED ASSETS,
$20,000,000.00.
ANNUAL INCOME,
$7,530,886.89.
SURPLUS ASSETS OVER $6,000,000.
AVERAGE DIVIDENDS OVER 45 PER CENT.

Insure your life in the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL, which has proven to be the cheapest, best and most reliable Company in the world, because it has the largest amount of surplus, largest number of Policy holders, and rates of expenses less. Simply a Mutual Benefit society—a combination of individuals united to help one another by the safest and best method known; and if a member cannot make but two or three payments, will receive his proportionate amount.

Will issue Policies on any plan desired.

S. D. WAFF, General Ag't.,
June 2-1f Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Hillsboro' Coal Mining and Transportation Company.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Hillsboro' Coal Mining and Transportation Company will be held at the office, No. 142 Pearl Street in the City of New York, on the first Tuesday in July next, at 9 o'clock, P. M.

June 1-2awtd W. H. WIGGINS, Secretary.

North Carolina Military and Polytechnic Academy,
HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE SECOND TERM of the session of 1868 begins July 1st.

Cadets will be received at any time during the session.

For circulars, containing full information, address Gen. D. H. COLTON,
June 1-8awlm Superintendent.

Kittrell's Springs Female College,
Granville County, N. C.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES the 1st day of July (Wednesday.)

Address by Rev. T. H. Sargent, D. D.

Concert at night, under the management of Prof. Jno. Koerber, Graduate of the Munich Conservatory, Munich.

The Sabbath previous, Sermon by Rev. H. T. Hudson.

The next Session will open the Monday following July 6th.

During the present scholastic year, 180 pupils have matriculated. This fact speaks for itself.

C. B. RIDDICK, Pres't.
June 1-1m Kittrell's Springs, N. C.

Snuff.

300 POUNDS—best ever used. Try it.

may 21-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!

NOW LANDING EX. SCHOONER "ALASKA," direct from Cardenas,

220 Hogsheads, }
50 Tierces, } SWEET CUBA MOLASSES.
40 Barrels, }

In prime new packages. Selected expressly for Summer Trade.

Orders will be promptly filled at LOWEST current market prices.

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,
June 12-1w Wilmington, N. C.

SALT! SALT!!

2,000 SACKS GENUINE LIVERPOOL.

2,000 sacks American.

Large, full Sacks in prime order, momentarily expected and for sale at lowest current prices.

Orders for lots of 100 Sacks or over, received before discharge of vessel, will be filled at extremely low prices.

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,
June 12-1w Wilmington, N. C.

JORDAN'S
OIL OF BAY LEAVES

IS THE BEST and MOST ELEGANT preparation for the hair in use.

It cures diseases of the scalp.

Prevents the hair from falling off or turning grey.

Removes Dandruff.

Makes the hair soft and glossy,

And causes it to grow luxuriantly.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Toilet Articles.

Price 75c. per bottle.

Prepared by JORDAN & CAIN,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
June 9-tf Petersburg, Va.

Neville's Church for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED, ATTORNEYS FOR THE Friend's Freedmen's Association, of Philadelphia, will offer at Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Raleigh on Wednesday, the 17th of June next, the House and Lot, known in the new plan of the City as "Nevil's Church."—The building is made of stone and is capable of being adapted to Church or School purposes or for a dwelling, at small cost. The lot contains about a half acre.

Terms made known on day of sale. If sold previously at private sale, due notice will be given. PHILLIPS & BATTLE,
may 30-1d Attorneys.

SMOKED HERRINGS,

FRUIT POWDERS,

A CHOICE LOT OF BROOMS,

June 11-3t S. D. HARRISON.

43 Fayetteville Street.

KEROSENE OIL by the barrel or retail. Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks. Tin Oil Cans.

ALSO

Glass Goblets, Tumblers, Lager Beer and Ale Glasses. J. BROWN,
Raleigh June 11-tf With Hart & Lewis.

Office Seaboard & Roanoke R. R. Co.,
P

DAILY SENTINEL.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1868.

HIS SPEECH.

Grant made the following speech on being visited by the committee appointed to inform him of his nomination:

"You'd scarce expect one of my age,
To speak in public on the stage,
And if I chance to fall below
Charles Sumner and Galusha Grow,
Don't view me with Ben Butler's eye,
But pass my imperfections by,
From Marshall's pups great dogs do blow;
From little colts great horses grow.
As you'll agree, it is too late
For me to try to cultivate
The art of speaking. Therefore, I
Will let the little pot go by,
I'll only say that I'll fulfil,
Whatever you, my friends, may will
And it is now my full intent,
If I am chosen President
To be the large one, I do trust,
That every act, my friends, will suit you.

Hiogo (March 18th.) Correspondence N. Y. Times.

JAPAN—AN ACT OF REPARATION—THE HARI KARI.

On the 2nd. of this month, at 1:15 P. M., in one of the Hiogo temples, Ikeda Ise, the author of the recent troubles, suffered death. He was the Secretary of Prince Bezen, and gave the order to fire on the foreigners. The combined Powers demanded his head, and neither his own position, nor the influence of his prince, could save him. But he was permitted to commit the hari-kari, thus rescuing his property from confiscation, and his name from dishonor among his countrymen. Up to the last moment his friends sought his pardon. Each of the six legations sent a representative as witness, and to this number was added an interpreter. The closest mystery shrouded the whole affair, and as few witnesses as possible were permitted, in order to impress the Japanese that the execution was to satisfy the ends of justice, and not gratify a prurient curiosity. The chosen ones left the legation during the evening, and walked to Hiogo, where a guard of Japanese soldiers met them and conducted them through several narrow streets to one of the larger temples. One of the ante-rooms was placed at their disposal, and there they indulged in pipes and cigars, and awaited the event.

At a few minutes past 11 P. M. word came that all was ready. They arose and followed their conductor into the main temple. Here, in front of the large and elaborately-finished altar, was spread a green cloth, and over this a smaller red covering. Near the centre stood a tray containing a number of small knives, corresponding to the sharp, short sword of the Japanese, unsheathed. The seven Europeans sat down in silence on the matting, after the Japanese fashion, and the same number of native officials located themselves opposite. Above them glimmered several Japanese paper lanterns, shedding over the altar a dim and spectral light, which lost itself in the mysterious darkness beyond. With a slow but firm and unfaltering step the doomed man entered and approached the altar. He wore the white-winged state dress, indicative of high rank, the "Kami-Shino." Turning toward the dimly outlined image of his gods, he bowed and muttered a prayer. Then, gathering his feet beneath him, he sat down, resting on his knees, in the usual Japanese manner, beside the tray. It is customary for the individual performing the hari-kari to complete the act by cutting his own throat. But this unhappy man, fearing that at the last moment his resolution might fail, caused one near of kin to assume the duty of headsman. The executioner took his position behind him, seizing the long handle in both hands. He raised the sword and assumed the attitude of one about to strike. It was a tableaux impressive and awful. The long, razor-edged blade reflected the lantern-light with horrid effect. The executioner's eyes were fixed with fearful earnestness on the victim before him, watching eagerly every motion. The doomed man methodically prepares his dress and selects a sword, grasping it firmly in his right hand. Then summoning all his resolution, he plunges it into his side and completes a transverse incision. At this moment his head falls forward, and instantaneously the poised sword of the headsman flashes through the air, and the head falls with a dull sound upon the heavily-matted floor.

The seven robed and sworded Japanese officials bow their heads to the ground, exclaiming in a loud voice, "Are you satisfied?" and the seven Europeans bow their faces in return, and reply through the interpreter, "We are satisfied!" They arise, and are immediately conducted away.

This is the famous hari-kari allowed to officers of position as an alternative of disgrace. The incision saves their honor and their property, and the gash in the throat terminates their sufferings.

N. C. FLOUR.
40 barrels just arrived
may 13-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

SOAP! SOAP!
1,500 lbs. Rosin Soap at
June 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

To Physicians.

A PHYSICIAN, DESIRING A LOCATION for a good country practice, will addiress
Dr. W. A. HARDY,
may 11 w1w Rosebel, Bertie Co., N. C.

ESTABLISHED 1851.
KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.
KADER BIGGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Gener Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.
Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.
Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.
Liberal advances made on produce in hand.
Refer to A. M. McPheeters, Esq., Hon. Thos. Bragg, and Hon. B. F. Moore, Raleigh; A. T. Mial, Esq., Wake; Col. Adam J. Heath, Smithfield; Maj. D. S. Hill Louisburg; Gen. Joshua Barnes, Wilson; Hon. Asa Biggs, Tarboro, and Messrs. John Myers & Son, Washington.
Norfolk, Va., June 2-tf

1868. SPRING STOCK. 1868.
BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,
AT WHOLESALE ONLY!
WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
direct from the Manufacturers, which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.
WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs. Petersburg.
☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

For Sale.

THE HOUSE LOT, corner of Davie and Fayetteville Streets, a desirable residence and good location for a professional man.
may 13—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Soap, Soap.

TWENTY BOXES ROSIN SOAP,
For sale by
may 8-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

DRY GOODS.
New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868,
CHEAP FOR CASH.
LOOK OUT FOR A CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible—if you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.
If you want Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.
Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and, then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES or CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.
I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on R. Smith's corner.
A. CREECH,
April 8 Fayetteville Street.

NEW ARRIVALS.
Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,
AT
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,
No. 21 Fayetteville St.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER
STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.
October 4, 1867—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FAMILY GROCERIES!
PRIME AND FRESH!!!
NO OLD STOCK ON HAND!!!
All Goods Warranted to be of the Best Quality.

20,000 lbs. Rib Sides,
1,000 " Sugar Cured Breakfast Bacon,
500 " Southampton Hoground Bacon,
800 " Maryland Hams,
25 packages Family Lard,
20 bbls Superfine Family Flour,
50 bushels Extra nice Meal,
1,000 " Prime White Corn,
5 hhds. and bbls. Molasses,
5 bbls Choice Syrups,
15 " Sugars—all grades.
15 Sacks Coffee, Rio and Laguyra,
Prime Old Government Java Coffee,
20 boxes Candles,
10 " Soap,
1,000 lbs. Carolina Rice,
10 boxes Tobacco fair to prime, &c., &c.
For sale by
may 25-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

A Consignment of Superior Black Writing Ink, very cheap.
W. H. JONES & CO.
April 27-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

On Consignment.

THE following Extracts and Medicines:
Laudanum, Paregoric, Castor Oil, Essence of Lemon, Peppermint, and a superior Boot Polish.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
may 13-tf Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.

CHEWING TOBACCO.
A fine article of Chewing Tobacco at
may 16-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

GRAIN CRADLES AND BLADES.
Just received by
June 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

5,000 LBS. RIB SIDES.
1,000 lbs. Sugar cured Hams.
For sale by
June 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

FIFTY BUSHELS STOCK PEAS.
For sale by
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 10-tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

NOW ARRIVING.
30 bbls. N. C. Family Flour.
25 " " Extra Super Flour.
For sale very low by
DOUGLAS BELL,
June 10-tf Commission Merchant.

10 PACKAGES GREEN AND BLACK TEA.
For sale by
June 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

30 BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES.
Just arrived at
June 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

N. C. FAMILY ROE HERRINGS.—Price reduced to close consignment. 200 herrings in a bbl.
Single Keg $6; $5.50 when 5 or more kegs are taken.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 10-tf Auction'rs and Com. Merchants.

WELL BUCKETS.
A new supply of Well Buckets, for sale by
may 16-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

HERRINGS! HERRINGS!
A lot of New Eastern Herrings, just received at
April 23-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

PARLOR MATCHES.
A large supply of Parlor Matches, at
may 16-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH,
Grocers and Commission Merchants,
Market Square, Raleigh, N. C.
Orders for Cotton promptly filled.
Refer to Jno. G. Williams & Co., and Cashier National Bank, Raleigh, N. C.
April 16—tf.

ELWELL'S WEEDING HOES, Nos. 2 and 3,
For sale low.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, April 24-tf With Hart & Lewis.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, N. C. May 20th, 1868.
On and after May 20th, 1868, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	9.15 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	2.40 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.35 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	3.15 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	1.15 P. M.
" " arrives at Raleigh	10.05 A. M.

The Mail Trains make transient connections with all points North and South.
A. B. ANDREWS,
may 21-tf Supt. of Transportation.

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,
Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times!

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;
Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;
The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;
The equality of the three co ordinate branches of the government;
The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;
The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;
Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year,		$8 00
" "	six months,	4 00
" "	three months,	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year,		4 00
" "	six months,	2 00
" "	three months,	1 00
Weekly "	for one year,	2 00
" "	six months,	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.
As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Jan. 1st., 1868. Proprietor

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!
At and Below Cost, for the next Thirty Days.

IN ORDER TO REDUCE OUR LARGE STOCK of Furniture on hand, and make room for our new stock, we will sell all kinds of Furniture for cash, at and below cost for the next 30 days.
Our stock is complete, comprising nearly everything in the furniture line.
We mean what we say, and all we ask is a call from those in need of furniture, to be convinced that we are selling goods twenty-five per cent. cheaper than they have ever been sold in this market.
W. H. MORRISS & CO.,
may 5-tf No. 3 Fayetteville St.

OFFICE N. C. RAILROAD CO.,
COMPANY SHOPS, May 20th, 1868.
Visitors to Commencements of Colleges and Schools on the line or within reach of the Road, will be passed to and from for one fare.
Tickets must be purchased from Station Agents. Conductors collect full fare from all.
JAMES ANDERSON,
may 29-1m Superintendent.

$10,000 IN BANK OF WASHington Notes wanted.
W. H. JONES & CO.
may 25-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

FAMILY GROCERIES.
"A" Coffee Sugar, Cut Loaf Sugar,
Old Java Coffee, Laguira Coffee, Rio Coffee,
Black Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs,
Ground Cinnamon. J. BROWN,
Raleigh, April 11-tf With Hart & Lewis.

SENTINEL OFFICE
JOB PRINTING.

OUR FRIENDS IN THE CITY OR COUNTRY, desiring Sheriffs' Clerks or Constables' Blanks,
CARDS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,
or other printing, done, will please send in their orders.
They will be neatly executed and done promptly, and on the lowest terms.
We expect soon to have our office supplied with the necessary material to execute the orders of our friends in every species of Job Printing.
Sept. 27—tf WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

PRINTER'S NEWS INK.
FOR THE accommodation of our cotemporaries in the State, we propose to keep on hand a quantity of NEWSPAPER INK, manufactured in Philadelphia prices. We have it in kegs of 50 and 25 pounds each, at 20 cts. per pound. The cash must accompany orders. Apply to the
Apr. 6-tf EDITORS OF THE SENTINEL.

THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.
Affidavit, 5 cents, in suit or legal proceedings, exempt.
Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents
Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right 5 cents.
Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.
Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated (except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment) for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.
For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.
Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.
On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.
Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.
Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.
Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents
Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage).—Official, $1.
For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.
Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.
Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.
Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.
Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.
Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.
General, 5 cents
Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.
Of search of records, 5 cents.
That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.
That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.
Of redemption of land sold for taxes, 5 cents.
Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.
Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents
Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.
Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.
Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.
Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.
Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.
Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.
Contract (See Agreement Drafts, 10 cents.
Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $200, 50 cents.
Exceeding $200 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.
For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars, 50 cents.
Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.
Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.
Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1.00.
For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.
Gauger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross, 10 cents
Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.
Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 25 cents.
To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.
To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.
To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1.00.
For any other purpose, 50 cents.
Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000, $1.50.
For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.
Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1.00.
Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.
Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland.)
Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note
Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due, exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.
Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyances.
Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cts
Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.
Exceeding $1,000, for every $1 000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.
For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.
Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents
Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.
Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.
Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.
Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100 25 cents.
When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.
Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire. Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 10 cts.
Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.
Insurance Life, when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.
Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000, 50 cts.
Exceeding $5,000, $1.00.
Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.
Exceeding $300, for each additional $250, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.
Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."
Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.
Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.
Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.
Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents
Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.
Pawner's Checks 5 cents.
Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents.
Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50 $1.00
For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1.00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B., except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.
Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.
It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made may stamp it before it is used; and if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.
Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.
Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.
The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.
Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.
The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.
When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyance of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.
No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a full list of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress, the Republican members being marked "r," and the opposition "d."

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, r, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, r, of Penn., Secretary.

MAINE.	Term Expires
Lot M Morrill, r	'69
Wm P Fessenden, r	'71
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	
Aaron H Cragin, r	'71
Jas W Patterson, r	'73
VERMONT.	
Geo F Edmunds, r	'65
Justus S Morrill, r	'67
MASSACHUSETTS.	
Charles Sumner, r	'69
Henry Wilson, r	'71
RHODE ISLAND.	
William Sprague, r	'69
Henry B Anthony, r	'71
CONNECTICUT.	
James Dixon, d	'69
Ozris S Ferry, r	'71
NEW YORK.	
Edwin D Morgan, r	'69
Roscoe Conkling, r	'71
NEW JERSEY.	
P T Frelinghuysen, r	'69
Alex G Gastell, r	'71
PENNSYLVANIA.	
C R Buckalew, d	'69
Simon Cameron, r	'71
DELAWARE.	
Geo R Riddle, d	'69
Wm Saulsbury, d	'71
MARYLAND.	
Reverdy Johnson, d	'69
—— Hamilton, d	——
WEST VIRGINIA.	
P G Van Winkle, r	'69
Waitman T Willey,	'71
KENTUCKY.	
—— Mc Creery, d	——
Garrett Davis d	'71
TENNESSEE.	
D T Patterson, d	'69
Joseph S Fowler, r	'71
OHIO.	
Benjamin F Wade, r	'69
John Sherman, r	'73

INDIANA.	Term Expires.
T A Hendricks, d	'69
Oliver Morton, r	'73
ILLINOIS.	
Richard Yates, r	'71
Lyman Trumbull, r	'73
MICHIGAN.	
Zach Chandler, r	'69
Jacob M Howard, r	'71
WISCONSIN.	
I R Doolittle, d	'69
Timothy O Howe, r	'73
MINNESOTA.	
Alex Ramsey, r	'69
Daniel S Norton d	'71
IOWA.	
James W Grimes, r	'71
James Harlan, r	'73
MISSOURI.	
John B Henderson, r	'69
Charles D Drake, r	'73
KANSAS.	
Edmund G Ross, r	'71
Samuel C Pomeroy, r	'73
NEBRASKA.	
Thos W Tipton, r	'69
John M Thayer, r	'71
NEVADA.	
Wm M Stewart, r	'69
James W Nye, r	'71
CALIFORNIA.	
John Conness r	'69
Cornelius Cole, r	'71
OREGON.	
Geo H Williams, r	'71
Henry Corbett, r	'73
*OREGON (2d).	
John Evans, r	
Jerome B Chaffee, r	——

*Not admitted.

RECAPITULATION.
Republicans 44. Democrats and Conservatives 16.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Schuyler Colfax, r, of Indiana, Speaker
Edward McPherson, r, of Pennsylvania, Clerk

MAINE.	
John Lynch, r	
sidney Perham, r	
James G Blaine, r	
John A Peters, r	
Frederick A Pike, r	
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	
Jacob H Ela, r	
Aaron F Stevens, r	
Jacob Benton, r	
VERMONT.	
F E Woodridge, r	
Luke P Poland, r	
W C Smith, r	
MASSACHUSETTS.	
Thomas D Elliott, r	
Oakes Ames, r	
Ginery Twitchell, r	
Samuel Hooper, r	
Benjamin F Butler, r	
Nathaniel P Banks, r	
George S Boutwell, r	
John D Baldwin, r	
Wm B Washburn, r	
Henry L Dawes, r	
RHODE ISLAND.	
Thomas Jenckes, r	
Nathan F Dixon, r	
CONNECTICUT.	
Richard D Hubbard, d	
Julius Hotchkiss, d	
H H Starkweather, r	
William H Barnum, d	
NEW YORK.	
Stephen Tabor, d	
Demas Barnes, d	
Wm E Robinson, d	
John Fox, d	
John Morrisey, d	
Thomas E Stewart, d	
John W Chandler, d	
Jas Brooks, d	
Fernando Wood, d	
Wm H Robertson, r	
Thomas H Van Wyck, r	
John H Ketchum, r	
Thomas Cornell, r	
John V L Pruyn d	
John A Griswold, r	
Orange Ferris r	
Calvin T Hulburd, r	
James M Mervin, r	
Wm C Fields, r	
Addison H Laflin, r	
Alex H Bailey, r	
John C Churchill, r	
Denis McCarthy, r	
Theo M Pomeroy, r	
Wm H Kelsey, r	
Wm S Lincoln, r	
Hamilton Ward, r	
Lyman W Selye, r	
Burt Van Horn, r	
James M Murphy, d	
Henry Van Aernam, r	
NEW JERSEY.	
Wm Moore, r	
Chas Haight, d	
Chas Sitgreaves, d	
John Hill, r	
Geo A Halsey, r	
PENNSYLVANIA.	
Samuel J Randall, d	
Chas O'Neill, r	
Leonard Myers, r	
Wm D Kelley, r	
Caleb N Taylor r	
Ben M Boyer, d	
Jno M Bromall, r	
Jno L Getz, d	
Thaddeus Stevens, r	
Henry L Cake, r	
David M Van Auken, d	
Geo W Woodward, d	
Ulysses Mercer, r	
George F Miller, r	
A J Grossbrenner, d	
Wm H Koontz, r	
Daniel J Morrell, r	
Samuel F Wilson, r	
Glenni W Scofield, r	
Darwin A Finney, r	
John Covode, r	
Jas K Moorhead r	
Thomas Williams, r	
Geo Y Lawrence, r	
DELAWARE.	
John A Nicholson, d	
MARYLAND.	
Hiram McCullock, d	
Stevenson Archer, d	
Chas E Phelps, d	
Francis Thomas, r	
Frederick Stone, r	
WEST VIRGINIA.	
Chester D Hubbard, r	
Bethuel M Kitchen, r	
Daniel Polsley, r	
KENTUCKY.	
L S Trimble, d	
John Y Brown, d	
John S Golladay, d	
J Proctor Knott, d	
Asa P Grover, d	
Thomas L Jones, d	
James B Beck, d	
George M Adams, d	
John D Young, d	
TENNESSEE.	
Sidney Clarke, r	
TENNESSEE.	
Roderick R Butler, r	
*Not admitted	

Horace May ard, r	
William D Stokes, r	
James Mullins, r	
John Trimble, r	
Samuel M Arnell, r	
Isaac R Hawkins, r	
David A Nunn, r	
OHIO.	
Benjamin Eggleston, r	
Samuel F Carey r	
Robt O Schenck, r	
Wm Lawrence, r	
Wm Mungen, d	
Reader W Clarke, r	
Samuel Shellabarger, r	
C S Hamilton, r	
Ralph P Buckland, r	
James M Ashley, r	
John T Wilson, r	
Philip Van Trump, d	
George W Morgan, d	
Martin Walker, r	
Tobias A Plants, r	
John A Bingham, r	
Ephraim R Eckley, r	
Sufus P Spalding, r	
James A Garfield, r	
INDIANA.	
Wm E Niblack d	
Michael C Kerr, d	
Morton C Hunter, r	
Wm S Holman, d	
George W Julian, r	
John Coburn, r	
H D Washburn r	
Goodlowe S Orth, r	
Schuyler Colfax, r	
John P C Shanks, r	
ILLINOIS.	
At large—J A Logan, r	
Norman B Judd, r	
John F Farnsworth, r	
Elihu B Washburne, r	
Abner C Harding, r	
Shen C Ingersoll, r	
Burton C Cook, r	
H P Bromwell r	
Shelby M Cullom r	
Lewis W Ross d	
Albert G Burr, d	
Samuel S Marshall, d	
John Baker, r	
Green B Burns, r	
MICHIGAN.	
Fer C Beaman, r	
Chas Upson, r	
Austin Blair, r	
Thos W Ferry, r	
B E Trowbridge, r	
Jno F Driggs, r	
WISCONSIN.	
Halbert E Paine, r	
Ben F Hopkins, r	
Amasa Cobb, r	
Chas A Eldridge, d	
Philetos Sawyer, r	
C C Washburne r	
MINNESOTA.	
Wm Windom, r	
Ignatius Donnelly,	
IOWA.	
James F Wilson, r	
Hiram Price, r	
Wm B Allison r	
Wm Loughbridge, r	
George M Dodge, r	
Asahel W Hubbard, r	
MISSOURI.	
Wm A Pile, r	
Chas A Newcomb, r	
Jas B McCormick, d	
Jos J Gravelly, r	
Jos W McClurg r	
Rubt T Van Horn, r	
Ben F Loan, r	
John F Benjamin r	
George W Anderson,	
NEBRASKA.	
John Trade, r	
NEVADA.	
Delos M Ashley, r	
CALIFORNIA.	
Sammel B Axtell, d	
Williams Higby, r	
James A Johnson, d	
OREGON.	
Rufus Mallory, r	
*OREGON.	
George M Chilcott, r	
DELEGATES.	
ARIZONA.	
Coles Bashford, r	
DAKOTA.	
Walter A Burleigh, r	
IDAHO.	
E D Holbrook, d	
MONTANA.	
Jas M Cavanaugh, d	
NEW MEXICO.	
O P Clever d (contested)	
UTAH.	
Wm D Hooper, d	
WASHINGTON.	
Alvin Flanders, r	
*WYOMING.	
James S Casement, r	

(Without Delegates from Territories): Republicans, 145. Democrats and Conservatives, 49.

Courts Of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.

Anson County—On the second Monday in January, April, July and October
Ashe—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November
Alexander—First Monday in March, June, September and December
Alamance—First Monday after the 4th Monday of February, May, August and November
Alleghany—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October
Beaufort—Third Monday in March and September, and the first Monday in June and December.
Bertie—Second Monday in February, May, August and November.
Bladen—First Monday in February, May, August and November
Brunswick—First Monday in March, June September and December.
Buncombe—8th Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December
Burke—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November
Cabarrus—Third Monday in January, April, July and October
Caldwell—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November
Camden—Second Monday in March, June, September and November
Carteret—Third Monday in February, May, August and November
Caswell—First Monday after the 4th Monday of March, June, September and December
Catawba—Second Monday in February, May, August and November
Chatham—Second Monday in February, May, August and November
Chowan—First Monday in February, May, August and November
Cleveland—First Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November
Columbus—Second Monday in February, May, August and November
Craven—Second Monday in March June, September and December
Cumberland—First Monday in March, June, September and December
Currituck—Last Monday in February, May, August and November
Cherokee—Second Monday in April, July, September and December
Clay—First Monday in April, July, September and December
Duplin—Third Monday in January, April, July and October
Davidson—Second Monday in February, May, August and November
Davie—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November
Edgecombe—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November
Franklin—Second Monday in March, June, September and December
Forsythe—Third Monday in March, June, September and December
Gates—Third Monday in February, May, August and November
Granville—First Monday in February, May, August and November
Greene—Second Monday in February, May, August and November
Guilford—Third Monday in February, May, August and November
Gaston—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November
Halifax—Third Monday in March, June, September and December
Harnett—Second Monday in March, June, September and December
Haywood—First Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December
Hertford—Fourth Mon